Brookfield

Brookfield Capital Management Limited ABN 32 094 936 866 Level 22, 135 King Street Sydney NSW 2000 GPO Box 172 Sydney NSW 2001 Tel +61 2 9322 2000 Fax +61 2 9322 2001 www.au.brookfield.com

Multiplex European Property Fund ARSN 124 527 206

ASX Announcement

11 April 2011

Multiplex European Property Fund (ASX: MUE) Supplemental Deed

Please see attached Supplemental Deed regarding amendments to the Complaints provision of the constitution of MUE, to be consistent with the new ASIC Regulatory Guide 165 ("Licensing: Internal and external dispute resolution") and best practice. A Consolidated Constitution is also attached for ease of reference.

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For more information please contact:

Brookfield Customer Service Ph: 1800 570 000 Email: clientenquiries@au.brookfield.com

Supplemental Deed -Multiplex European Property Fund

Dated 11 April 2011

Brookfield Capital Management Limited (ACN 094 936 866)

Mallesons Stephen Jaques Level 61 Governor Phillip Tower 1 Farrer Place Sydney NSW 2000 Australia T +61 2 9296 2000 F +61 2 9296 3999 DX 113 Sydney www.mallesons.com

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Supplemental Deed - Multiplex European Property Fund Details

Party	Responsible Entity as described below.		
Responsible Entity	Nam	e	Brookfield Capital Management Limited
	ACN		094 936 866
	Addr	ess	Level 22
			135 King Street
			SYDNEY NSW 2000
	Fax		+61 2 9322 2001
	Tele	phone	+61 2 9322 2000
	Atter	ition	Company Secretary
Recitals	A	register	ust is governed by the Constitution. The Trust is a red as a managed investment scheme under Chapte he Corporations Act.
	В	Entity r	clause 23 of the Constitution, the Responsible nay, by deed, amend the Constitution in ance with section 601GC of the Corporations Act.
	С	Section 601GC(1) of the Corporations Act provides the constitution of a registered scheme may be modi- or repealed and replaced with a new constitution:	
		(a)	by special resolution of the members of the scheme; or
		(b)	by the responsible entity if it reasonably consider the change will not adversely affect members' rights.
	D		sponsible Entity wishes to amend the Constitution at in this deed.
	Е	amendn	sponsible Entity reasonably considers that the nents to the Constitution contained in this deed adversely affect the rights of members of the

Governing law	New South Wales	
Date of supplemental deed	See signing page	

Supplemental Deed - Multiplex European Property Fund

General terms

1 Amendments to the Constitution

The Constitution is amended by:

- (a) replacing each reference in the Constitution to "Multiplex Capital Management Limited" with "Brookfield Capital Management Limited";
- (b) in clause 25:
 - (i) inserting the text that is underlined; and
 - (ii) deleting the text that is shown as deleted,

in the copy of clause 25 set out as Annexure 1 of this deed; and

(c) in clause 29.1, inserting the following definition:

"Complaint means an expression of dissatisfaction made to the RE, related to its products or services, or the complaints handling process itself, where a response or resolution is explicitly or implicitly expected."

2 No redeclaration etc

The Responsible Entity declares that it is not, by this deed:

- (a) redeclaring the Trust or declaring any trust;
- (b) resettling the Trust; or
- (c) causing the transfer, vesting or accruing of property in any person.

3 Effective time

The amendments made by this deed take effect from the date a copy is lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission pursuant to section 601GC(2) of the Corporations Act.

4 Governing law

This deed is governed by the laws in force in the place specified in the Details. Each person affected by it must submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of that place and the courts of appeal from them.

5 Interpretation

5.1 Terms defined in Constitution

The terms used in this deed have the same meaning as in the Constitution unless the contrary intention appears.

5.2 Definitions

These meanings apply unless the contrary intention appears:

Constitution means the trust deed dated 16 November 2006, as amended, under which the Trust was constituted.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth).

Details means the section of this deed entitled "Details".

Trust means the Multiplex European Property Fund (ARSN 124 527 206).

5.3 Deed supplemental to Constitution

This deed is supplemental to the Constitution.

5.4 Headings

Headings are inserted for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this deed.

EXECUTED as a deed

Annexure 1 (clause 1)

25 Complaints

If a Member submits to the RE a e<u>C</u>omplaint alleging that the Member has been adversely affected by the RE's conduct in its management or administration of the Trust, the RE:

- (a) must, if the complaint is in writing, _acknowledge in writing receipt of the eComplaint as soon as practicable and in any event within 14 days from receipt;
- (b) must ensure that the e<u>C</u>omplaint receives proper consideration resulting in a determination by a person or body designated by the RE as appropriate to handle e<u>C</u>omplaints;
- (c) must act in good faith to deal with the e<u>C</u>omplaint by endeavouring to correct any error which is capable of being corrected without affecting the rights of third parties;
- (d) may in its discretion give any of the following remedies to the complainant:
 - (i) information and explanation regarding the circumstances giving rise to the e<u>C</u>omplaint;
 - (ii) an apology; or
 - (iii) compensation for loss incurred by the Member as a direct result of the breach (if any); and
- (e) must communicate to the complainant in relation to the e<u>C</u>omplaint as soon as practicable and in any event not more than 45 days after receipt by the RE of the e<u>C</u>omplaint:
 - (i) the determination in relation to the e<u>C</u>omplaint;
 - (ii) the remedies (if any) available to the Member; and
 - (iii) information regarding any further avenue for eC omplaint.

Supplemental Deed - Multiplex European Property Fund Signing page

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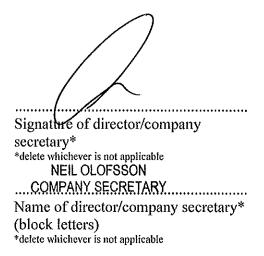
DATED:	
-	

EXECUTED by **BROOKFIELD CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LIMITED** in accordance with section 127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth) by authority of its directors:

Signature of director

Russell Todd Proutt

Name of director (block letters)



MALLESONS STEPHEN JAQUES

Constitution of Multiplex European Property Fund

Consolidated constitution prepared on 11 April 2011

Brookfield Capital Management Limited ("RE") (ACN 094 936 866)

This document is a consolidated copy of the Constitution dated 16 November 2006 for Multiplex European Property Fund (ARSN 124 527 206) ("**Trust**") ("**Original Constitution**") as amended by the Supplemental Deed dated 20 March 2007, the Second Supplemental Deed dated 11 April 2007, the Third Supplemental Deed dated 2 April 2008, the Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 15 September 2008 and the Supplemental Deed dated 11 April 2011. The Trust was registered by ASIC on 3 April 2007.

This is not a legally binding document. Reference should be made to the Original Constitution and each amending deed for the operative provisions. Section headings, indices and provisions in square brackets do not form part of the text.

Mallesons Stephen Jaques

Level 60 Governor Phillip Tower 1 Farrer Place Sydney NSW 2000 Australia T +61 2 9296 2000 F +61 2 9296 3999 DX 113 Sydney www.mallesons.com

Constitution of Multiplex European Property Fund

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Schedule - Stapling Provisions

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Constitution of Multiplex European Property Fund

Details

Interpretation – definitions are at the end of the General terms

RE	Name	Brookfield Capital Management Limited
	ACN	094 936 866
Trust Name	Multiplex Europe	an Property Fund
Governing law	New South Wales	3

General terms

1 Declaration of Trust

1.1 Declaration of Trust

This deed poll is declared by Brookfield Capital Management Limited (ACN 094 936 866) to be the constitution of Multiplex European Property Fund.

1.2 Name

- (a) The Trust is called Multiplex European Property Fund or by such other name as the RE determines from time to time.¹
- (b) If the RE retires or is removed, its successor as RE must, unless otherwise approved by the former RE, change the name of the Trust to a name that does not imply an association with the former RE or its business.

1.3 Stapling

- (a) The Stapling Provisions take effect if determined by the RE and, if so determined, apply on and from the Stapling Commencement Date unless and until they cease to apply in accordance with this constitution.
- (b) On and from the Stapling Commencement Date:
 - (i) the Stapling Provisions apply and this constitution is to be read subject to the Stapling Provisions;
 - subject to article 26, the Stapling Provisions prevail over all other provisions of this constitution including any that are expressed to prevail over others, except where this would result in a breach of the Corporations Act, the Listing Rules or any other law; and
 - (iii) without limiting article 1.3(b)(ii), those articles of the constitution, which by their meaning and context apply only while Units are not Stapled, do not apply while Units are Officially Quoted as part of a Stapled Security.

2 Assets held on trust

2.1 Assets held on trust

The RE declares that it will hold the Assets upon trust for the Members and act in the interests of the Members on and subject to the terms and conditions of this constitution.²

¹ See Corporations Regulation 5C.1.02

² See section 601FC(2) of the Corporations Act

2.2 Assets vested in RE

The Assets which are from time to time vested in the RE must be clearly identified as property of the Trust and held separately from the assets of the RE and any other managed investment scheme if and to the extent that the Corporations Act so requires.³ Subject to law, the RE may have assets held by a Custodian.

3 Relevant Securities

3.1 Beneficial interest divided into Units

The beneficial interest in the Trust is divided into Units.

3.2 Units confer equal undivided interest

Subject to any rights, obligations or restrictions conferred upon the Units in a Class, each Fully Paid Unit confers an equal undivided interest in the Assets as a whole, subject to the Liabilities. It does not confer an interest in any particular Asset. Unless this constitution states otherwise, a Partly Paid Unit confers an interest of the same nature, less the amount remaining to be paid up on the Unit.

3.3 Interest in Assets

- (a) Subject to the rights, obligations or restrictions attaching to any particular Unit, a Unit confers an interest in the Assets as a whole, subject to the Liabilities.
- (b) A Unit does not confer an interest in a particular Asset.
- (c) A Unit confers a vested and indefeasible interest in the Distributable Income and the capital of the Trust and for avoidance of doubt the process of disposal of a Defaulted Unit set out in article 4 does not defeat this interest.

3.4 Power to issue Units

The RE may issue Units on such terms and conditions as the RE determines consistently with this constitution, the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules.

3.5 Income entitlement of Units

- (a) The RE may in its discretion issue Units on terms that such Units:
 - (i) participate fully for Distributable Income in respect of the Distribution Period in which they are issued; or
 - do not entitle the holder of such Units to receive a distribution of Distributable Income in respect of the Distribution Period in which such Units are issued; or

³ See section 601FC(1)(i)

- (iii) entitle the holder of such Units to receive a distribution of Distributable Income in respect of the Distribution Period in which such Units are issued which is not greater than the proportion of the Distributable Income to which a Member holding a Unit during the whole of that Distribution Period is entitled, multiplied by the number of days from the date of allotment of those Units to the end of that Distribution Period divided by the total number of days in that Distribution Period; or
- (iv) entitle the holder (including the holder of a Partly Paid Unit) to a fixed rate distribution for a period to be determined by the RE.

3.6 Creation of Options

The RE may create and issue Options on such terms and conditions as the RE determines. Options may be issued with Units or separately.

3.7 Issue of Options

Subject to this constitution, the Corporations Act (and the conditions of any applicable ASIC Relief from it) and the Listing Rules, the RE may determine that Options will be issued:

- (a) for consideration or no consideration;
- (b) on the basis that the exercise price for a Unit to be issued on exercise of the Option is the price determined by the RE, provided that the exercise price is less than the price that would otherwise apply under article 6.4(a) by a percentage not exceeding 99%; and
- (c) conferring on the holder of the Option such other entitlements under this constitution as the RE determines,

and otherwise on terms and conditions and with such entitlements as determined by the RE. The terms of issue of the Option may allow the RE to buy back the Options.

3.8 Offers of Options

Subject to the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act (and the conditions of any applicable ASIC Relief from it), if the RE is making an offer of Options to Members which is otherwise in proportion to their existing holdings of Units, the RE is not required to offer Options to persons whose address on the Register is in a place other than Australia.

3.9 Exercise of Options

On exercise of an Option, the holder of the Option is entitled to subscribe for and be allotted such number of Units as the terms and conditions of issue of the Option contemplate.

3.10 Rights attaching to Relevant Securities

- (a) A Member holds a Unit subject to the rights, restrictions and obligations attaching to that Unit.
- (b) The holder of an Option holds the Option subject to the terms and conditions attaching to that Option.

3.11 Fractions and rounding

- (a) Fractions of a Unit may not be issued by the RE.
- (b) Where any calculation performed under this constitution or the terms of a withdrawal offer would otherwise result in the issue or redemption of a fraction of one Unit, the number of Units to be issued or redeemed is, subject to this constitution, to be rounded down to the nearest whole Unit.
- (c) Any excess application or other money or property which results from rounding under any provision of this constitution becomes an Asset of the Trust.

3.12 Reorganisation of Relevant Securities

- (a) Subject to the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act, Relevant Securities may be consolidated, divided or converted in a ratio determined by the RE ("**Reorganisation**").⁴ If any Unit is a Partly Paid Unit at the time of Reorganisation the unpaid amount of the Application Price and any instalment payable in respect thereof will be amended in the same ratio.
- (b) It is a term of issue of each Relevant Security, that the Relevant Security may be Reorganised. Each holder by subscribing for or taking a transfer of, or otherwise acquiring a Relevant Security will be taken to have consented to Reorganisations.
- (c) To effect any Reorganisation of a Relevant Security of a Member, the Member appoints the RE as the Member's attorney in the Member's name and on the Member's behalf to do all acts and things which the RE considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect the Reorganisation of the Relevant Security.

⁴ If applicable, refer Listing Rules, Chapter 7 - reorganisations of capital.

3.13 Transfer of Relevant Securities if Officially Quoted

If the Relevant Securities are Officially Quoted, Relevant Securities may be transferred in any manner permitted by the Operating Rules of a CS Facility. Before registration of any such transfer, the RE may require that it be provided with any documents that the rules of the uncertificated system require, or permit the RE to require, for authorisation of the registration. This article 3.13 prevails over any other provision of this constitution that may be inconsistent with it but it does not permit the RE to refuse to register a proper transfer in accordance with the Operating Rules of a CS Facility.

3.14 Transfer of Relevant Securities if not Officially Quoted

- (a) Subject to paragraph (b), while the Relevant Securities are not Officially Quoted, the RE may refuse to record any transfer in the Register without giving any reason for the refusal.
- (b) Despite any other provision of this constitution, while Units are not Officially Quoted the RE must record in the Register a transfer of Units left for registration in accordance with article 3.16 where the transferor or the transferee is:
 - (i) a person entitled to the benefit of any mortgage or charge granted in respect of the Units; or
 - (ii) any receiver, receiver and manager, agent or attorney appointed or purported to be appointed under that mortgage or charge.

The RE may rely on the certificate of a person referred to in subparagraph (i) or (ii) that the mortgage or charge has become enforceable. Paragraph (a) does not apply to a transfer to which this paragraph (b) applies.

3.15 Registration

A transfer is not effective until Registered.

3.16 Form of transfer

Subject to this constitution, Relevant Securities may be transferred in any form approved by the RE, accompanied by any evidence reasonably required by the RE to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and (if the RE requires) presented for Registration duly stamped.

3.17 Instruments of transfer

- (a) The Trust must retain every instrument of transfer which is registered for such period as the RE determines.
- (b) If the RE refuses to Register an instrument of transfer, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the person who deposited it if a demand for return is made within 12 months of the giving of notice of refusal to Register unless there has been an allegation of fraud

concerning the instrument of transfer or the transaction to which it relates.

3.18 RE may request holding lock or refuse to register transfer

If the Relevant Securities are Officially Quoted, and if permitted to do so by the Listing Rules, the RE may:

- request any applicable CS Facility Operator or the Registrar, as the case may be, to apply a holding lock to prevent a transfer of Relevant Securities from being registered on the CS Facility's sub register or registered on an issuer-sponsored sub register, as the case may be; or
- (b) refuse to Register a transfer of other Relevant Securities to which paragraph (a) does not apply.

3.19 RE must request holding lock or refuse to register transfer

The RE must:

- (a) request any applicable CS Facility Operator or the Registrar, as the case may be, to apply a holding lock to prevent a transfer of Relevant Securities from being registered on the CS Facility's sub register or registered on an issuer-sponsored sub register, as the case may be; or
- (b) refuse to register any transfer of Relevant Securities to which paragraph (a) does not apply,

if the Corporations Act or Listing Rules require the Trust to do so or the transfer is in breach of article 3.27.

3.20 Notice of holding locks and refusal to register transfer

If, in the exercise of its rights under articles 3.18 and 3.19, the RE requests application of a holding lock to prevent a transfer of Relevant Securities or refuses to Register a transfer of Relevant Securities, it must, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with it, give written notice of the request or refusal to:

- (a) the holder of the Relevant Securities ;
- (b) the transferee; and
- (c) the broker lodging the transfer, if any.

Failure to give notice does not, however, invalidate the decision of the RE.

3.21 Proportional takeover offers

Notwithstanding articles 3.13 or 3.14, if offers are made under a proportional takeover bid for Units in accordance with the Corporations Act:

(a) articles 3.22 to 3.26 apply;

- (b) the registration of a transfer giving effect to a takeover contract resulting from acceptance of an offer made under the takeover bid is prohibited unless and until a resolution to approve the bid is passed in accordance with articles 3.22 and 3.23; and
- (c) the RE must ensure that a resolution to approve the bid is voted on in accordance with article 3.22 to 3.25 before the fourteenth day before the last day of the bid period.

3.22 Approval of takeover bids

The RE may determine whether the approving resolution is voted on:

- (a) at a meeting of persons entitled to vote on the resolution convened and conducted, subject to the provisions of article 3.24, as if it were a meeting of Members convened and conducted in accordance with this constitution and the Corporations Act with such modifications as the RE determines the circumstances require; or
- (b) by means of a postal ballot conducted in accordance with the following procedures:
 - a notice of postal ballot and ballot paper must be sent to all persons entitled to vote on the resolution not less than 14 days before the date specified in the notice for closing of the postal ballot, or such lesser period as the RE determines the circumstances require;
 - (ii) the non-receipt of a notice of postal ballot or ballot paper by, or the accidental omission to give a notice of postal ballot or ballot paper to, a person entitled to receive them does not invalidate the postal ballot or any resolution passed under the postal ballot;
 - (iii) the notice of postal ballot must contain the text of the resolution and the date for closing of the ballot and may contain any other information the RE considers appropriate;
 - (iv) each ballot paper must specify the name of the person entitled to vote;
 - (v) a postal ballot is only valid if the ballot paper is duly completed and:
 - (A) if the person entitled to vote is an individual, signed by the individual or a duly authorised attorney; or
 - (B) if the person entitled to vote is a corporation, executed under seal or as permitted in the Corporations Act or under the hand of a duly authorised officer or duly authorised attorney;
 - (vi) a postal ballot is only valid if the ballot paper and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which the ballot paper is signed or a copy of that power of attorney certified as

a true copy by statutory declaration is or are received before close of business on the date specified in the notice of postal ballot for closing of all postal ballot at the office of the RE or unit registry of the Trust or at such other place as specified for that purpose in the notice of postal ballot; and

(vii) a person may revoke a postal ballot vote by notice in writing to be received by the RE before the close of business on the date for closing of the postal ballot.

3.23 Entitlement to vote on approving resolution

- (a) The only persons entitled to vote on the approving resolution are those persons who, as at the end of the day on which the first offer under the bid was made, held bid class securities. Each person who is entitled to vote is entitled to one vote for each bid class security held by that person at that time.
- (b) Neither the bidder nor any associate of the bidder is entitled to vote on the resolution.

3.24 When approving resolution passed

If the resolution is voted on in accordance with articles 3.21 to 3.23 then it is to be taken to have been passed if the proportion that the number of votes in favour of the resolution bears to the total number of votes on the resolution is greater than one-half, and otherwise is taken to have been rejected.

3.25 If approving resolution has not been voted on

If a resolution to approve the bid has not been voted on as at the end of the day before the fourteenth day before the last day of the offer period, then a resolution to approve the bid is taken to have been passed in accordance with articles 3.21 to 3.24.

3.26 Cessation of articles 3.21 to 3.25

Articles 3.21 to 3.25 cease to have effect on the day three years after the later of their adoption or last renewal.

3.27 Restricted Securities

- (a) While the Relevant Securities are Officially Quoted and, if the Listing Rules so require, a Member may not transfer Restricted Securities during the applicable escrow period.
- (b) During a breach of the Listing Rules relating to Restricted Securities, or a breach of a Restriction Agreement, the holder of the Restricted Securities is not entitled to any distribution or voting rights in respect of the Restricted Securities.

3.28 Joint tenancy

Persons Registered jointly as the holder of a Relevant Security hold as joint tenants and not as tenants in common unless the RE otherwise agrees.

3.29 Death, legal disability of Member

- (a) If a Member dies or becomes subject to a legal disability such as bankruptcy or insanity, only the survivor (where the deceased was a joint holder) or the legal personal representative (in any other case) will be recognised as having any claim to Relevant Securities Registered in the Member's name.
- (b) A person who becomes entitled to a Relevant Security because of the death, bankruptcy, insanity or other disability of a Member is entitled to receive and may give a discharge of all money payable in respect of the Relevant Security but is not entitled to receive notices of or to attend or vote at any meeting of Members until that person is Registered as the holder of a Relevant Security.

4 Partly Paid Units

4.1 Payment of Application Price by instalments

The Application Price of Units may be payable by instalments as set out in this article 4.

4.2 Determination of amount and timing of instalments

The RE may determine at any time that Units to be offered for sale or subscription are to be offered on terms that the Application Price is payable by instalments of such amounts and at such times as the RE determines or, if the RE so determines, by a single instalment payable at such time as the RE determines.

4.3 Variation or waiver of terms and conditions

Subject to any applicable statutory duty requiring the RE to treat Members of the same Class equally and those of different Classes fairly, where Units are offered for sale or subscription on terms and conditions determined and set out in accordance with article 4.2, those terms and conditions may be varied or compliance therewith waived only with the consent of the RE. The variation or waiver must not take effect during the currency of the offering document pursuant to which the Units were offered for sale or subscription.

4.4 Notice of instalments

- (a) The RE must give Members at least 30 Business Days' notice (but not more than 40 Business Days' notice) of the time and date each instalment is due to be paid (the "**First Notice**").
- (b) If the Trust is Listed:
 - (i) the First Notice must contain such other information as is required by the Listing Rules (or ASX under the Listing Rules); and
 - (ii) at least 4 Business Days before the date each instalment is due to be paid, the RE must send a second notice to all new Members and those Members whose holding has changed

since the First Notice which must include any changes that have occurred in the information given in the First Notice because of a change in the holding.

4.5 Interest on instalments

- (a) If a Member does not pay an instalment by the due time and date then interest is payable on the sum due from the date payment was due to the time of payment at such rate as the RE determines not exceeding BBSW plus 4% per annum. Interest is calculated daily and payable monthly in arrears. The RE may waive payment of that interest in whole or part.
- (b) The RE may revoke or postpone the payment of an instalment.
- (c) Subject to the Listing Rules, an instalment shall be deemed to be due on the date determined by the RE.
- (d) Subject to the Listing Rules, the non-receipt of a notice that an instalment is due by, or the accidental omission to give a notice that an instalment is due to, a Member, shall not invalidate the instalment being due.
- (e) Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, the RE may extinguish in full or in part any liability of Members in respect of any moneys unpaid on Members' Units.
- (f) Subject to the Listing Rules, any instalment which, by the terms of issue of the Unit, becomes payable on issue of the Unit or at any date fixed by or in accordance with such terms of issue shall be deemed to be an instalment which the RE has given Members notice of in accordance with article 4.4. In the case of non-payment, all the provisions of this constitution as to payment of interest, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such notice had been given.

4.6 Failure to pay instalments

If a Member fails to pay in full any instalment due on any Partly Paid Unit or Units on or by the day specified for payment, the RE may, during such time as the instalment or any part of the instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on that Member requiring payment of so much of the instalment as is unpaid, any interest owing and all reasonable expenses incurred by the RE as a result of the non-payment. The notice must specify a further time and day (not earlier than 10 days from the date of the notice) on or by which the payment as required by the notice is to be made. The notice must also state that in the event of non payment on or by that specified time and day, the Partly Paid Units in respect of which the instalment or part instalment remains unpaid will be liable to be forfeited. If Units are Officially Quoted, the notice must contain such other information as is required by the Listing Rules (or ASX under the Listing Rules).

4.7 If requirements of any notice not complied with

If the requirements of any notice issued under article 4.6 are not complied with:

- (a) any Partly Paid Unit in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time after the date specified in the notice for payment of the amount required by the notice (and before payment of the instalment and any interest and expenses owing), be forfeited on the RE so determining;
- (b) subject to the Listing Rules, the Corporations Act and this constitution, all voting rights, entitlements to the distribution of income and other rights in connection with any Partly Paid Unit in respect of which the notice has been given are suspended until reinstated by the RE; and
- (c) if the Partly Paid Units in respect of which the notice has not been complied with are Units in respect of which the RE has granted a charge over its right to receive an instalment, the provisions of article 4.17 apply to the forfeiture and sale of the Units and prevail over other provisions of this article 4 to the extent of any inconsistency.

4.8 Sale of forfeited Securities

- (a) Partly Paid Units which are subject to forfeiture under article 4.7 will be sold by the RE and the RE must apply the proceeds as follows:
 - (i) in payment of the amount outstanding against the Partly Paid Units (and any accrued interest if applicable) after deducting the costs of sale including, without limitation, any brokerage and duties; and
 - (ii) in payment of the balance (if any) to the Member.
- (b) If the proceeds of sale of the forfeited Partly Paid Units are less than the amount outstanding in relation to the unpaid amount on the Partly Paid Units, the Member remains liable for the balance owing on the Partly Paid Units (and any accrued interest), unless otherwise determined in the absolute discretion of the RE to waive any shortfall.

4.9 Disposal of forfeited Units

- (a) Subject to the Listing Rules if Units are Officially Quoted, a forfeited Unit may be sold or otherwise disposed of as a Fully Paid Unit, either:
 - subject to any necessary relief from ASIC, at a price equal to that received from the sale of the Unit in the normal course of business on ASX; or
 - (ii) by private treaty or public auction, if ASIC has given any necessary relief from the provisions of the Corporations Act and if the RE complies with the conditions of that relief;
 - (iii) at a price calculated in accordance with article 6.2.
- (b) At any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled upon such terms as the RE thinks fit.

4.10 Holder of forfeited Units

The holder of Partly Paid Units which have been forfeited ceases to be a Member in respect of the forfeited Units (and has no claims or demands against the RE or the Trust in respect of the forfeited Units) but remains liable to pay to the RE all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were payable by the former Member to the RE in respect of the forfeited Units (including interest owing under article 4.5(a) and expenses) but the former Member's liability ceases if and when the RE receives payment in full of all such money and, if applicable, interest in respect of the forfeited Units.

4.11 Evidence of forfeiture

A statement signed by a duly authorised officer of the RE that a Partly Paid Unit has been duly forfeited on a date stated therein is conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the forfeited Units.

4.12 Consideration for forfeited Units

Where a Partly Paid Unit is forfeited and sold pursuant to this article 4 the RE may receive the consideration, if any, given for a forfeited Unit on the sale or disposal, and the RE or agent may execute a transfer of such Unit in favour of the person to whom the Unit is sold or disposed of and that person must then be registered as the holder of that Unit and is not obliged to ensure that any part of the money which the person has paid for the Unit is paid to the former holder of the Unit nor shall the person's title to that Unit be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in relation to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of that Unit.

4.13 Joint holders

Joint holders of Partly Paid Units are jointly and severally liable to pay all amounts due and payable on the Partly Paid Units held by them.

4.14 Rights and obligations attaching to a Partly Paid Unit

Subject to the Corporations Act and the provisions of this constitution, the rights and obligations attaching to a Partly Paid Unit will be the same as those of a Fully Paid Unit, subject to the liability to pay calls for the balance of the Application Price of the Unit.

4.15 Liability of holder of forfeited Units

Where:

- (a) the RE has appointed an underwriter to underwrite the payment of a call in respect of Units;
- (b) in discharging its obligations, the underwriter has purchased Units at a public auction or otherwise as contemplated by the relevant underwriting agreement at a price which is more than the Current Price of a Unit (in respect of which the relevant call has been paid); and

(c) the RE is liable or required to pay the underwriter in respect of each Unit purchased in accordance with paragraph (b) of this article an amount equal to the difference between the Current Price of a Unit (in respect of which the relevant call has been paid) and the price paid by the underwriter for the Unit,

then the former holder of the Units that were forfeited and sold to the underwriter is liable to the RE in respect of those forfeited Units, and may be sued for:

- (i) all monies payable by the RE to the underwriter as contemplated by paragraph (c) of this article;
- (ii) interest (as provided in article 4.5 of this constitution); and
- (iii) all costs incurred by the RE in procuring payment from the former holder of the Unit.

For the purposes of this article 4.15, the "*Current Price*" of a Unit (in respect of which the relevant call has been paid) is the weighted average price at which such Units traded on the ASX over the five Business Days immediately preceding the day of public auction, or, if there is no such price, then the last sale price of Units on the ASX prior to that date.

4.16 Assignment of right of action

The RE must ensure that where the RE is liable to the underwriter as contemplated by article 4.15(c), the RE's liability to the underwriter may be satisfied by the assignment of the RE's right of action under article 4.15 against the former holder of the Unit in full satisfaction of such liability of the RE to the underwriter.

4.17 Charge over right to receive an instalment

- (a) Subject to its duties to Members under the general law and the Corporations Act, the RE may grant a charge to any person ("Chargee") over its right to receive the proceeds of a call on a Partly Paid Unit. The Chargee has the right to do anything that could be done by the RE in respect of Units over which a charge has been granted and to enforce the provisions of this article 4 as agent for the RE. The preceding provisions of this article 4 apply to the Chargee when acting as the RE's agent with any necessary adaptations.
- (b) If the charge referred to in article 4.17(a) has been granted, a Unit in respect of which the notice under article 4.6 has been given and not complied with may be sold as a Fully Paid Unit by the Chargee as agent for the RE in the manner and at the price that the RE could have effected the sale itself in accordance with article 4.9. The Chargee may deduct from the net proceeds of the sale and retain for the Chargee's own benefit amounts it has lent in respect of the Unit that has been forfeited together with interest payable up to the date of receipt by the Chargee of the proceeds of sale of the Unit, up to the limit of the amount that could be retained by the RE if the RE itself had sold the Unit. The Chargee must pay to the RE any remaining

proceeds, and article 4.8 applies to the remaining amount as if the RE had sold the Unit.

(c) A Member or former Member whose Units have been sold by the RE or its agent in accordance with article 4.17(b) has no right to have the Units transferred back to them on payment of the amounts that were outstanding at the time of the sale.

5 Classes of Units

Subject to the Corporations Act, the RE may from time to time without amending this constitution, issue Units in different Classes with different rights, obligations and restrictions attaching to them. The RE may from time to time prescribe other rights, obligations and restrictions pertaining to those Classes which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this constitution or contrary to the Corporations Act.

6 Application Price for Units⁵

6.1 Units issued on or before First Closing Date

All Units to be issued on or before the First Closing Date will be issued at the Application Price of \$1.00.

6.2 While Units are not Officially Quoted

While Units are not Officially Quoted the Application Price for a Unit issued in respect of an application accepted after the First Closing Date must be calculated as:

Net Asset Value + Transaction Costs

number of fully paid Units in issue + Paid - up Proportion

6.3 Determination of variables in article 6.2

Each of the variables in article 6.2 must be determined as at the next Valuation Time after:

- (a) the RE receives the application for Units; or
- (b) the RE receives the application money, or the property against which Units are to be issued or vested in the RE,

whichever happens later.

6.4 While Units are Officially Quoted but not Stapled

(a) Subject to article 6.4(b) and article 20.5(g), while Units are Officially Quoted, the Application Price for any Unit will be equal to the Market Price for the Units.

⁵ Required to be included by Section 601GA(1)(a)

- (b) The RE may determine a different Application Price in relation to the issue of any Units consistently with the Corporations Act, as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief, and the Listing Rules in the case of:
 - (i) offers made at substantially the same time to those persons who were Members on a date determined by the RE not being more than 20 Business Days immediately prior to the offer, where:
 - (A) all Members are offered Units at the same Application Price on a pro rata basis (whether or not the right to acquire those Units is renounceable, and whether the Units are issued to Members or other persons); and
 - (B) the Application Price is not less than 50% of the Market Price for the Units, calculated as at the last Business Day prior to the date of the offer document under which the offer is made,

but subject to the Corporations Act, as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief, and the Listing Rules, the RE is not required to offer Units under this article 6.4 to persons whose address on the Register is in a place other than Australia, and such other jurisdictions (if any) as the RE may determine. Any Member may renounce their entitlement in favour of some other person, unless the issue is expressed to be non renounceable. Any Units offered for subscription under this article 6.4(b) on a non renounceable basis which are not subscribed for in the period for acceptance set by the RE may be offered for subscription by the RE to any person. The application price payable in relation to such further offer must not be less than that at which the Units were originally offered to Members. If an underwriter has underwritten any offers for subscription of Units under this article 6.4(b), the underwriter may take up any Units not subscribed for by Members.

- (ii) a distribution reinvestment where the Application Price is determined in accordance with article 10.14 (including a subscription by any underwriter a distribution reinvestment plan for any Units not taken up by Members);
- (iii) Units issued upon the exercise of an Option where the Application Price is determined in accordance with article 3.7(b); and
- (iv) a placement, where the Application Price is not less than 50% of the Market Price for the Units calculated as at the last Business Day on which sales were recorded prior to the date of the issue;
- (v) a security purchase plan, where the Application Price is not less than 80% of the Market Price for the Units, calculated as

at the last Business Day on which sales were recorded prior to the day on which the offer was announced (including a subscription by any underwriter of the plan for any Units not taken up by Members); and

 (vi) any of the other circumstances in which a different Application Price may be determined set out in the Corporations Act, as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief.

7 Application procedure

7.1 Application form

An applicant for Units must complete a form approved by the RE if the RE so requires. The form may be transmitted electronically if approved by the RE.

7.2 Payment

Payment in a form acceptable to the RE, or a transfer of property of a kind acceptable to the RE and able to be vested in the RE or a Custodian appointed by it (accompanied by a recent valuation of the property, if the RE requires), must:

- (a) accompany the application;
- (b) be received by or made available to the RE or the Custodian within such period before or after the RE receives the application form as the RE determines from time to time or as the terms of issue of the relevant Partly Paid Unit contemplate; or
- (c) comprise a reinvestment of a distribution in accordance with this constitution.

If the RE accepts a transfer of property other than cash, any costs associated with the valuation or transfer of the property must be paid by the Member either directly or by deducting them from the market value of the property before the number of Units to be issued is calculated, as the RE decides.

7.3 RE may reject

The RE may reject an application in whole or in part without giving any reason for the rejection.⁶

7.4 Minimum Holding

The RE may set a minimum application amount and a minimum holding and alter or waive those amounts at any time.⁷

 ⁶ Refer Listing Rule 10.11 if the Trust is Listed - restriction on issue of Units to related parties.
 ⁷ If the Trust is Listed see article 27 "Small Holdings".

7.5 Issue Date

- (a) Except in the case of a reinvestment of distribution in accordance with this constitution, Units are taken to be issued when:
 - (i) the RE accepts the application; or
 - (ii) the RE receives the application money, or the property against which Units are to be issued is vested in the RE or the Custodian on behalf of the RE,

whichever happens later.

- (b) Units which are issued on a reinvestment of distribution in accordance with this constitution are taken to be issued on the day the distribution is applied in payment for the Units.
- (c) Subject to the Corporations Act,⁸ the RE may hold applications without accepting them for such period as it determines and, in particular, may hold applications received prior to the First Closing Date until the First Closing Date.

7.6 Uncleared funds

Units issued against application money paid other than in cleared funds, or in consideration of a transfer of property, are void if the funds are not subsequently cleared or the property does not vest in the RE within one month of receipt of the application.

8 Redemption⁹

8.1 Redemption Price

(a) Subject to paragraph (b), a Unit must only be redeemed at a Redemption Price calculated as:

$\frac{A - B}{C + D}$

less in the case of a Partly Paid Unit, the amount of the Application Price which has not been paid, where:

- A = Net Asset Value
- B = Transaction Costs
- C = number of Fully Paid Units in issue
- D = Paid-up Proportion.

⁸ Section 1017E(4) - Units must be issued within one month of receipt of application money.

⁹ These procedures must be fair to all Members: Section 601GA(4)

(b) A Unit redeemed on or before the First Closing Date must only be redeemed at a Redemption Price equal to its Application Price less the amount, if any, of the Application Price which remains unpaid.

8.2 Determination of variables

Each of the variables in article 8.1(a) must be determined:

- (a) while the Trust is Liquid, as at the close of business on the day before the payment of the Redemption Price; or
- (b) while the Trust is not Liquid, as at the close of business on the day before the withdrawal offer is made.

8.3 Rounding

The Redemption Price may be rounded down to the nearest whole cent.

8.4 While Units Officially Quoted - Member has no right to withdraw

While Units are Officially Quoted, none of the following provisions of this article 8 apply, except articles 8.15 to 8.20.

8.5 Request for redemption

A Member may make a request for the redemption of some or all of their Units in any manner approved by the RE and, while the Trust is Liquid, the RE may (but is not required to) give effect to that request at the time and in the manner set out in this article 8.

8.6 While the Trust is Liquid - RE may redeem

While the Trust is Liquid, the RE may decide to satisfy a Redemption Request either in relation to all or some of the Units which are the subject of the request.

8.7 While the Trust is Liquid - time for payment of Redemption Price

While the Trust is Liquid, if the RE decides to satisfy a Redemption Request¹⁰ in respect of a Unit it must pay from the Assets the Redemption Price calculated in accordance with this constitution. The payment must be made within 60 days of the RE's decision.

8.8 RE not obliged to pay Redemption Price out of own funds

The RE is not obliged to pay any part of the Redemption Price out of its own funds.

8.9 Aggregate Redemption Price less than Minimum Holding amount

While the Trust is Liquid, if compliance with a Redemption Request would result in the Member holding Units with an aggregate Redemption Price

¹⁰ There is no legal requirement to offer a right of withdrawal. When setting up a new trust the RE can choose whether or not to offer such a right. For a registered scheme, if a right is offered, it must be specified in the constitution.

which is less than the then current Minimum Holding amount, the RE may treat the Redemption Request as relating to the balance of the Member's holding.

8.10 Increase of Minimum Holding amount

While the Trust is Liquid, if the RE increases the Minimum Holding amount, the RE may after giving 30 days' notice to a Member who holds Units with an aggregate Redemption Price less than the then current Minimum Holding amount redeem that Member's holding without the need for a Redemption Request.

8.11 When Trust is not Liquid¹¹

While the Trust is not Liquid,¹² a Member may withdraw from the Trust in accordance with the terms of any current withdrawal offer made by the RE which, if the Trust is a registered scheme, is in accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act.¹³ If there is no withdrawal offer currently open for acceptance by Members, a Member has no right to withdraw from the Trust.

8.12 RE not obliged to make a withdrawal offer

The RE is not at any time obliged to make a withdrawal offer.

8.13 Redemption request received before withdrawal offer

If the RE receives a Redemption Request before it makes a withdrawal offer, it may treat the request as an acceptance of the offer effective as at the time the offer is made.

8.14 Articles applicable whether or not the Trust is Liquid

Articles 8.15 and 8.16 apply whether or not the Trust is Liquid.

8.15 Sums owed to RE

The RE may deduct from the proceeds of redemption or money paid pursuant to a withdrawal offer (if applicable) any money due to it by the Member.

8.16 Transfer of Assets

The RE may transfer Assets to a Member rather than pay cash in satisfaction of all or part of a Redemption Request, pursuant to a withdrawal offer (if applicable) or in payment of a distribution. These Assets with any cash paid must be of equal value to the total amount due to the Member pursuant to the Redemption Request, withdrawal offer or distribution (based on a valuation done within one month before the date of the proposed transfer). The costs involved in transfer of these Assets must be paid by the Member or deducted from the amount due to the Member, as the RE decides.

¹¹ Required to be included by Section 601GA(4)(c) if Members are to have right to withdraw

¹² For definition of a liquid scheme see Section 601KA(1)

¹³ Refer sections 601KB to 601KE

8.17 RE's power of compulsory redemption

Subject to the Listing Rules, while the Trust is Liquid the RE may redeem the Units of any Member without the need for a Redemption Request if the Member holds less than the Minimum Holding.

8.18 Buy-back of Units¹⁴

While the Trust is Listed, the RE may, subject to and in accordance with the Corporations Act (including the conditions of any applicable ASIC Relief) and any requirements under the Listing Rules, purchase Units and cause the Units to be cancelled. No Redemption Price is payable upon cancellation of the Units.

8.19 Discretionary redemption

Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, if the RE is not obliged to give effect to a Redemption Request, it may redeem some or all of the Units which are the subject of the request.

8.20 When Units are redeemed

Units redeemed under this article 8 are taken to be redeemed at the time as at which the applicable Redemption Price is calculated, and from that time until payment, the former holder of the redeemed Units ceases to be a Member in respect of those Units and is a creditor of the Trust in respect of the redemption proceeds.

9 Valuation of Assets

9.1 RE may value

The RE may cause an Asset to be valued at any time, and must do so as and when required by the Corporations Act.¹⁵

9.2 Determination of Net Asset Value

The RE may determine Net Asset Value at any time, including more than once on each day.

9.3 Value of Assets

The RE may determine whether an item should be recognised and the amount attributable to that particular item for the purpose of calculating Net Asset Value.

Unless the RE determines otherwise¹⁶, the value of an Asset for the purpose of calculating Net Asset Value will be its Market Value subject to the terms of any applicable ASIC Relief from the requirements of the Corporations Act.

¹⁴ See Listing Rule 7.36

 ¹⁵ See section 601FC(j) for the responsible entity's obligations concerning valuation.
 ¹⁶ Section 601GAB in ASIC Class Order 05/26.

10 Income and distributions to Members

10.1 RE must determine distributable income

- (a) The RE must determine the distributable income of the Trust ("Distributable Income") for each Financial Year. The RE may do this by way of a standing determination of principles for calculating the Distributable Income, and may change the principles from time to time.
- (b) The RE may decide the classification of any item as being on income or capital account and the extent to which reserves or provisions need to be made.

10.2 Distributable income

Unless the RE determines otherwise under article 10.1 prior to the end of a Financial Year, Distributable Income for that Financial Year will be the net income of the Trust calculated in accordance with the Tax Act reduced by any amount which would be included in the assessable income of the Trust in accordance with section 6AC or Division 207 of the Tax Act and reduced by any amount which would be included in the assessable income of any sub-trust in accordance with section 6AC or Division 207 of the Tax Act to the extent that that amount would subsequently be included in the assessable income of the Trust under section 97 of the Tax Act.

10.3 Preparation of statutory accounts

The preparation of the accounts of the Trust in accordance with current Australian accounting standards and generally accepted accounting principles is not to be regarded as a determination of the method for calculating the Distributable Income pursuant to article 10.1.

10.4 Financial Year

The definition of Financial Year in this constitution is not a determination of the Trust's financial year under section 323D of the Corporations Act.

10.5 Distribution account

The amount of Distributable Income to be distributed in respect of a Distribution Period is to be calculated in accordance with article 10.7 and must be transferred to a special account in the name of the RE or its agent and designated a distribution account. Any amount in the distribution account does not form part of the Assets but must be held by the RE, on trust for distribution among the Members entitled to that Distributable Income. Members entitled to that Distributable Income are not entitled to any income earned by the RE by investing any money standing to the credit of the distribution account pending disbursement. The RE may invest any moneys standing to the credit of the distribution account pending disbursement and the RE shall have the same powers and responsibilities in relation to the management of such moneys as it has in relation to the Assets. Income earned from the investment is deemed to be income of the Trust and must be dealt with accordingly.

10.6 Present entitlement

A person who at any time during the Financial Year is or has been a Member, is presently entitled as at midnight on the last day of the Financial Year to the Distributable Income for the Financial Year, in the proportion that the Income Distributions made (or allocated under article 10.7) to the Member in respect of the Financial Year bear to the sum of the Income Distributions made (or allocated under article 10.7) to all persons who are or have been Members at any time during the Financial Year.

10.7 Income Distributions

Subject to the rights conferred on a Class of Units, an Income Distribution in respect of a Member means an amount calculated by the RE as follows:

(a) subject to the terms of issue of any Units, in respect of a Distribution Period ending on a Distribution Calculation Date other than the last day of a Financial Year, an amount calculated as follows:

where

- A is the aggregate of the number of Units held by the Member as at the close of business on the Record Date for that Distribution Period which are entitled to a full income distribution for the relevant Distribution Period plus, if the Member holds at the close of business on the Record Date for that Distribution Period Units issued during that Distribution Period which have a proportionate income entitlement in accordance with article 3.5, the aggregate number of such Units held by that Member multiplied by the relevant proportion;
- B is the aggregate of the total number of Units entitled to a full income distribution for the relevant Distribution Period plus, if Units have been issued during the relevant Distribution Period which have a proportionate income entitlement in accordance with article 3.5, the aggregate of the total number of such Units multiplied by the relevant proportion in each case calculated as at the close of business on the Record Date for that Distribution Period; and
- C is an estimate of the Distributable Income for the Distribution Period calculated as if the Distribution Period were a year of income; and
- (b) subject to the terms of issue of any Units, in respect of a Distribution Period ending on the last day of a Financial Year, an amount calculated as follows:

$$\frac{A \quad x \quad C}{B}$$

where

- A is the aggregate of the number of Units held by the Member as at the close of business on the Record Date for that Distribution Period which are entitled to a full income distribution for the relevant Distribution Period plus, if the Member holds at the close of business on the Record Date for that Distribution Period Units issued during that Distribution Period which have a proportionate income entitlement in accordance with article 3.5, the aggregate number of such Units held by that Member multiplied by the relevant proportion;
- B is the aggregate of the total number of Units entitled to a full income distribution for the relevant Distribution Period plus, if Units have been issued during the relevant Distribution Period which have a proportionate income entitlement in accordance with article 3.5, the aggregate of the total number of such Units multiplied by the relevant proportion in each case calculated as at the close of business on the Record Date for that Distribution Period; and
- C is the amount (if any) by which the Distributable Income for the Financial Year exceeds the aggregate of the amounts calculated for the purposes of variable C in paragraph (a) above in respect of the previous Distribution Periods of the Financial Year.
- A Unit which is a Partly Paid Unit for any part of a Distribution Period participates in the distribution of income for that Distribution Period, subject to the terms of issue of the Unit, according to:
 - (i) the proportion or different proportions of the Application Price paid up on the Unit; and
 - (ii) the length of time during the Distribution Period for which the proportion or different proportions of the Application Price were paid up.

For the purposes of these calculations, if an instalment of the Application Price of a Partly Paid Unit is paid into the Trust, that Unit may be eligible for increased participation in income at a date determined by the RE but at the latest from the first day of the month immediately following the date set for payment of the instalment.

10.8 Satisfaction of present entitlement

The present entitlement of a Member to Distributable Income for a Financial Year will be satisfied by the payment of the Income Distributions to the Member in respect of the Financial Year. Income Distributions must be paid to a Member within three months after the Distribution Calculation Date.

10.9 Minimum distribution

The RE may transfer capital to enable distribution to Members of the minimum amount necessary to avoid the RE as trustee of the Trust becoming assessable to pay tax under the Tax Act.

10.10 Other distributions

The RE may at any time distribute any amount of capital to Members pro rata according to the number of Units held as at a time decided by the RE. The distribution may be in cash or by way of additional Units.

10.11 RE may permit or require reinvestment

The RE may decide whether to permit or require the Members to reinvest some or all of any distribution to acquire Units. Reinvestment may be by issue or transfer of Units to Members.

10.12 Notification of reinvestment procedures

If the RE decides to permit or require reinvestment, it must notify Members of the procedure for reinvestment and any change in the procedure.

10.13 Deemed application if reinvestment applies

If reinvestment applies, the RE is deemed to have received and accepted an application to reinvest the distribution after the deduction of any Tax which the RE is required to deduct on the date upon which the distribution is to be paid.

10.14 Application Price while Trust Listed if reinvestment applies

- (a) If reinvestment applies while the Units in the Trust are Officially Quoted, the Application Price for each additional Unit issued or transferred upon reinvestment is the average of the VWAP for Units for each of the ten Trading Days from and including the third Trading Day after the Record Date for the relevant Distribution Period ("DRP VWAP Price") less such discount, if any, not exceeding 10% as the RE may determine. However, if the RE believes that the DRP VWAP Price does not provide a fair reflection of the market price of the Units during the relevant period, an expert (independent of the RE whose identity and instructions will be determined by the RE) will determine the market price to be used in the calculation of the Application Price of each additional Unit.
- (b) If the amount to be reinvested in additional Units results in a fraction of a Unit, the money representing the fraction will be held for future reinvestment in the Trust at the next time that reinvestment is to occur.

10.15 Money held for future reinvestment

Whenever under this constitution or by law money is held on behalf of a Member for future reinvestment the money so held may in the discretion of the RE be aggregated and on each occasion on which the aggregated amount reaches the Application Price of a Unit be applied in the acquisition of a Unit by the Member.

10.16 Position on transfer of Units

Income to which a Member is entitled when a transfer or transmission of Units is Registered remains credited to the transferor.

10.17 Position on transfer of Assets

The RE may effect a distribution to Members by transferring or procuring the transfer of Assets to all Members rather than paying in cash or issuing additional Units. If the RE wishes to do so, it must effect the distribution to all Members in the same way. The Assets transferred to each Member must be of the same type, have the same rights and be fully paid. The Assets transferred may comprise solely a beneficial interest in tangible or intangible property. In each case, where Assets other than cash are to be transferred to Members (or a nominee on behalf of a Member), each Member authorises the RE:

- (a) to act as their agent to agree to obtain the Assets; and
- (b) where the Assets comprise shares or an interest in shares or interests in a company or managed investment scheme, to agree to become a member of that company or managed investment scheme.

The Assets transferred, together with any cash paid, must be of equal value to the total amount due to the Member pursuant to the distribution (based on a valuation done within one month before the date of the proposed transfer). The costs involved in transfer of those Assets must be paid by the Member or deducted from the distribution due to the Member, as the RE decides.

11 Payments

11.1 Manner of payment to Members

Money payable by the RE to a Member may be paid in any manner the RE decides.

11.2 Unpresented cheques

Cheques issued by the RE that are not presented within 6 months may be cancelled. Where a cheque which is cancelled was drawn in favour of a Member, the money is to be held by the RE for the Member or paid by the RE in accordance with the legislation relating to unclaimed money unless the RE in its discretion decides to reinvest the money in Units in which event the provisions of articles 10.11 to 10.14 will apply.

11.3 Unsuccessful transfers

Where the RE attempts to make a payment to a Member by electronic transfer of funds or any other means and the transfer is unsuccessful, the money may be held for the Member as a non-interest bearing deposit until it is claimed or required to be dealt with in accordance with applicable laws relating to unclaimed moneys.

11.4 Only whole cents to be paid

Only whole cents are to be paid, and any remaining fraction of a cent becomes an Asset.

11.5 Payment to joint Members

A payment to any one of joint Members will discharge the RE in respect of the payment.

11.6 RE may deduct amounts

The RE may deduct from any amount to be paid to a person who is or has been a Member, or received from a person who is or has been a Member:

- (a) any amount of Tax (or an estimate of it); or
- (b) any amount owed by the Member to the RE or any other person

which the RE is required or authorised to deduct by law or by this constitution or which the RE considers should be deducted.

12 Powers of the RE

12.1 General powers

Subject to this constitution, the RE has all the powers in respect of the Trust that it is possible under the law to confer on a trustee as though it were the absolute owner of the Assets and acting in its personal capacity.

12.2 Contracting powers¹⁷

- (a) Without limiting the effect of article 12.1, the RE in its capacity as trustee of the Trust has power to:
 - (i) incur all types of obligations and liabilities including guarantees and indemnities; and
 - (ii) enter into an arrangement with a person to underwrite the subscription or purchase of Relevant Securities on such terms as the RE determines. Unless the agreement between the RE and the underwriter expressly states the contrary, the underwriter will not be an agent or delegate of the RE, but may be a related body corporate of the RE.

12.3 Borrowing powers

Without limiting the effect of article 12.1 or article 12.2, the RE in its capacity as trustee of the Trust has power to borrow and raise money (whether or not on a secured basis and in any manner whatsoever including

¹⁷ Required to be included by Section 601GA(3)

all forms of financial accommodation and/or debt facilities or instruments, hedging arrangements and derivatives) and to grant all types of security (whether for obligations of the RE or another person).

12.4 Investment powers

- (a) Without limiting article 12.1, the RE may in its capacity as trustee of the Trust invest in, dispose of or otherwise deal with property and rights in its absolute discretion.¹⁸ This includes the power to invest the whole or part of the Assets in a single type of asset, or in trusts managed or controlled by the RE or its related body corporate, or such other investments as the RE determines.
- (b) For the purpose of giving effect to the investment policy specified in article 12.5 but without limiting any other provision of this constitution the RE may:
 - (i) invest the Assets in cash and cash equivalents, interests, securities or other instruments including those issued by an associate of the RE;
 - (ii) make loans or provide any other financial accommodation including to an associate of the RE; and
 - (iii) enter into hedging arrangements and derivatives in connection with any actual or prospective investment of the Trust or any borrowing or raising of money by the Trust.

12.5 Principal Investment Policy

The principal investment policy of the RE in relation to the Trust is investment either directly or indirectly (for example through the purchase of shares, interests in a managed investment scheme, interests in a partnership, other equities or debentures) in real property, the making of such other investments with the Assets which in the RE's opinion are not from time to time required for that purpose, and acquiring and disposing of derivatives to protect returns, or limit costs, in relation to investments and borrowing.¹⁹ The RE may vary the principal investment policy, provided reasonable notice is given to Members in order that Members may, if they see fit, dispose of their Units prior to the variation taking effect.

12.6 Power of delegation²⁰

The RE may authorise any person to act as its agent or delegate (in the case of a joint appointment, jointly and severally) to hold title to any Asset, perform any act or exercise any discretion within the RE's power, including the power to appoint in turn its own agent or delegate.

¹⁸ Subject to Section 601FC(4)

¹⁹ The types of financial products and other assets which the RE may acquire for the Trust may be limited by the terms of the RE's Australian financial services licence.

²⁰ See also Section 601FB

12.7 Protection and assistance for those dealing with agents and delegates

The RE may include in the authorisation provisions to protect and assist those dealing with the agent or delegate as the RE thinks fit.

12.8 Agents and delegates may be associates

The agent or delegate may be an associate of the RE.²¹

12.9 Exercise of discretion

The RE may in its absolute discretion decide how and when to exercise its powers.

12.10 Listing of the Trust

The RE may apply for the Trust to be Listed and Units to be Officially Quoted, and for this purpose the RE is authorised on its own behalf and on behalf of each Member to do all things necessary to effect a Listing.

12.11 Stapling

- (a) The RE may determine that the Stapling Provisions will take effect in accordance with article 1.3.
- (b) In relation to an initial Stapling as contemplated by paragraph (a) and any subsequent Stapling of further securities to the Units, the RE has power to do everything necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to give effect to the Stapling and the Stapling Provisions, including power to:
 - make distributions and other payments out of the Assets and (subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules) to redeem Units, and to apply the payment or proceeds on behalf of Members; and
 - (ii) to apply for or purchase securities on behalf of the Members.
- (c) Without limiting paragraph (b), to give effect to the provisions of this article 12.11, the RE is irrevocably appointed the agent and attorney of each Member to:
 - (i) apply any proceeds referred to in paragraph (b)(i) on behalf of the Member;
 - (ii) execute any withdrawal request on behalf of the Member, or any application for, or transfer of, any securities in favour of the Member; and
 - (iii) execute all documents and do all things which it reasonably considers are necessary or desirable to be executed or done on behalf of the Member to give effect to the Stapling.

²¹ Subject to Part 5C.7

The RE is authorised to execute these documents and do these things without needing further authority or approval from Members.

- (d) The RE shall have no liability of any nature whatsoever beyond the Assets to Members arising, directly or indirectly, from the RE doing or refraining from doing any act (including the execution of a document) pursuant to or in connection with the implementation of a Stapling proposal.
- (e) Subject only to article 26, the provisions of paragraphs 12.11(a) to (d) apply despite any other provision of this constitution and prevail over any other provisions of this constitution to the extent of any inconsistency.

13 Retirement of RE

13.1 Voluntary retirement

While the Trust is a Registered Scheme:

- (a) the RE may retire as the responsible entity of the Trust as permitted by law;²² and
- (b) if permitted by law or by any relief from the Corporations Act granted by the ASIC, the RE may appoint its successor by deed.

While the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, the RE may retire on not less than 1 month's notice to Members (or such shorter period as they agree). On retirement, the RE may appoint in writing another person to be the trustee of the Trust.

13.2 Compulsory retirement

The RE must retire as the responsible entity of the Trust when required by law. $^{\rm 23}$

13.3 New trustee

Any replacement responsible entity or trustee must execute a deed by which it covenants to be bound by this constitution as if it has originally been a party to it.

13.4 Release

When it retires or is removed, the RE is released from all obligations in relation to the Trust arising after the time it retires or is removed.²⁴

²² See Section 601FL. The change does not take effect until the ASIC alters its records: Section 601FJ

²³ See Section 601FM and 601FA.

²⁴ See section 601FR for the Scheme Operator's obligation to transfer records, etc. Section 601FS restricts this

release.

14 Notices to Members

14.1 Form of notices

Subject to the Corporations Act, a notice or other communication required under this constitution to be given to a Member must be given in writing (which includes a fax) or in such other manner as the RE determines, and be delivered or sent to the Member at the Member's physical or electronic address last advised to the RE for delivery of notices.

14.2 Cheques payable to Members

A cheque payable to a Member may be posted to the Member's physical address or handed to the Member or a person authorised in writing by the Member.

14.3 Joint Members

In the case of joint Members, the physical or electronic address of the Member means the physical or electronic address of the Member first named in the Register.

14.4 Receipt of communications

A notice, cheque or other communication sent by post is taken to be received on the Business Day after it is posted and a document (other than a notice of meeting of Members) sent by fax or electronic transmission is taken to be received 1 hour after receipt by the transmitter of confirmation of transmission from the receiving fax machine or computer to which the message was transmitted. Proof of actual receipt is not required. Subject to the Corporations Act,²⁵ the RE may determine²⁶ the time at which other forms of communication will be taken to be received.

15 Notices to RE

15.1 Form of notices

A notice required under this constitution to be given to the RE must be given in writing (which includes a fax), or in such other manner as the RE determines.

15.2 When notice effective

The notice is effective only at the time of receipt.

15.3 Signing of notices

The notice must bear the actual, facsimile or electronic signature of the Member or a duly authorised officer or representative of the Member unless the RE dispenses with this requirement.

²⁵ See Section 601FC(1)(d)

²⁶ See Section 252G(4)

16 Meetings of Members

16.1 Convening of meetings

The RE may at any time convene a meeting of Members, and must do so if the Corporations Act requires.²⁷

16.2 RE may determine

Subject to the specific provisions of this constitution relating to meetings of Members and to the Corporations Act,²⁸ the RE may determine the time and place at which a meeting of Members will be convened and the manner in which the meeting will be conducted.

16.3 Notice of meeting

While the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, the RE may convene a meeting by giving at least 10 days' notice to Members, or such shorter period as they all agree in writing.

The non-receipt of notice of a meeting or cancellation or postponement of a meeting by, or the accidental omission to give notice of a meeting or cancellation or postponement of a meeting to, a person entitled to receive notice does not invalidate any resolution passed at the meeting or at a postponed meeting or the cancellation or postponement of a meeting.

16.4 Quorum

The quorum for a meeting of Members is at least two Members present in person or by attorney, representative or proxy unless the Trust has only one Member who may vote on a Resolution, in which case that one Member constitutes a quorum.

If a quorum is present at the beginning of a meeting it is taken to be present throughout the meeting unless the chairman of the meeting (on the chairman's own motion or at the instance of a Member, proxy, attorney or representative who is present) declares otherwise.

16.5 No quorum

If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the scheduled time for the meeting, the meeting is:

- (a) if convened on the requisition of Members dissolved; or
- (b) otherwise adjourned to the same day in the next week and same time and place, or to such other day, time and place as the RE decides by notice to the Members and others entitled to notice of the meeting.

At any adjourned meeting, those Members present in person or by attorney, representative or proxy constitute a quorum. If a quorum is not present

²⁷ Refer Part 2G.4 ²⁸ Refer Part 2G.4

within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the adjourned meeting, the meeting is dissolved.

16.6 Chairman

Subject to the Corporations Act²⁹ the RE may appoint a person to chair a meeting of Members.

16.7 Role of chairman

The chairman of a meeting of Members:

- (a) has charge of the general conduct of the meeting and of the procedures to be adopted at the meeting;
- (b) may require the adoption of any procedure which is in the chairman's opinion necessary or desirable for proper and orderly debate or discussion and the proper and orderly casting or recording of votes at the general meeting; and
- (c) may, having regard where necessary to the Corporations Act, terminate discussion or debate on any matter whenever the chairman considers it necessary or desirable for the proper conduct of the meeting,

and a decision by the chairman under this article 16.7 is final.

16.8 Postponement or cancellation

The chairman has power to cancel a meeting or postpone a meeting for any reason to such place and time as the chairman thinks fit.

16.9 Notice of cancellation or postponement of meeting

Notice of cancellation or postponement of a meeting of Members must state the reason for cancellation or postponement and be given:

- (a) to each Member individually; and
- (b) to each other person entitled to be given notice of a meeting of Members under the Corporations Act.

16.10 Contents of notice or postponement of meeting

A notice of postponement of a meeting of Members must specify:

- (a) the postponed date and time for the holding of the meeting;
- (b) a place for the holding of the meeting which may be either the same as or different from the place specified in the notice convening the meeting; and

²⁹ Refer Part 2G.4 and Section 601FC(1)

(c) if the meeting is to be held in two or more places, the technology that will be used to facilitate the holding of the meeting in that manner.

16.11 Number of clear days for postponement of meeting

The number of clear days from the giving of a notice postponing the holding of a meeting of Members to the date specified in that notice for the holding of the postponed meeting must not be less than the number of clear days notice of the general meeting required to be given by this constitution or the Corporations Act.

16.12 Business at postponed meeting

The only business that may be transacted at a meeting of Members the holding of which is postponed is the unfinished business of the previous meeting, which must be specified in the notice convening the meeting.

16.13 Proxy, attorney or representative at postponed meeting

Where:

- (a) by the terms of an instrument appointing a proxy or attorney or of an appointment of a representative, a proxy or an attorney or a representative is authorised to attend and vote at a meeting of Members to be held on a specified date or at a meeting of Members to be held on or before a specified date; and
- (b) the date for holding the meeting is postponed to a date later than the date specified in the instrument of proxy, power of attorney or appointment of representative,

then, by force of this article 16.13, that later date is substituted for and applies to the exclusion of the date specified in the instrument of proxy, power of attorney or appointment of a representative unless the Member appointing the proxy, attorney or representative gives to the RE notice in writing to the contrary not less than 48 hours before the time to which the holding of the meeting has been postponed.

16.14 Proxies and voting

The provisions of the Corporations Act governing proxies and voting for meetings of members of registered schemes apply to the Trust.

16.15 Proxies containing some of the required information

The RE may determine that the appointment of a proxy is valid even if it contains only some of the information required by the Corporations Act.

16.16 Adjournment of meeting

(a) The chairman of a meeting of Members may at any time during the meeting adjourn the meeting or any business, motion, question, resolution, debate or discussion being considered or remaining to be considered by the meeting either to a later time at the same meeting or to an adjourned meeting at any time and any place.

- (b) In exercising this discretion, the chairman may, but need not, seek the approval of the Members present. Unless required by the chairman, no vote may be taken or demanded by the Members present in respect of any adjournment.
- (c) Only unfinished business is to be transacted at a meeting resumed after an adjournment.

16.17 Notice of adjourned meeting

It is not necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for one month or more. In that case, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of an original meeting.

16.18 Demand for a poll

A poll may be demanded by at least five Members entitled to vote on the resolution, Members with at least 5% of the votes that may be cast on the resolution on a poll or by the chairman. A demand for a poll does not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

16.19 Declaration of poll

Unless a poll is properly demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Trust, is conclusive evidence of the fact. Neither the chairman nor the minutes need state and it is not necessary to prove the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

16.20 Poll

- (a) If a poll is properly demanded, it must be taken in the manner and at the date and time directed by the chairman and the result of the poll is the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- (b) A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately.
- (c) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn.
- (d) A demand for a poll does not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

16.21 Equality of votes - no casting vote for chairman

If there is an equality of votes, either on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting is not entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which the chairman is entitled as a Member or proxy or attorney or representative.

16.22 Entitlement to vote

- (a) Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Units and to this constitution:
 - (i) on a show of hands, each Member present in person and each other person present as a proxy, attorney or representative of a Member has one vote; and
 - (ii) on a poll, each Member present in person has one vote for each one dollar of the value of the Units held by the Member and each person present as proxy, attorney or representative of a Member has one vote for each one dollar of the value of the Units held by the Member that the person represents.
- (b) A Member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting in respect of Units which are the subject of a current Restriction Agreement for so long as any breach of that agreement subsists.

16.23 Voting on a poll for Partly Paid Units

If a Member holds Partly Paid Units, the number of votes the Member has in respect of those Partly Paid Units on a poll is one vote for each dollar of value of the Partly Paid Units held by the Member.

16.24 Joint Members' vote

If a Unit is held jointly and more than one Member votes in respect of that Unit, only the vote of the Member whose name appears first in the Register counts.

16.25 Vote of unitholder of unsound mind

If a Member is of unsound mind or is a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health, then the Member's committee or trustee or any other person who properly has the management of the Member's estate may exercise any rights of the Member in relation to a meeting of Members as if the committee, trustee or other person were the Member.

16.26 Objection to voting qualification

An objection to the right of a person to attend or vote at the meeting or adjourned meeting:

- (a) may not be raised except at that meeting or adjourned meeting; and
- (b) must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final.

A vote not disallowed under the objection is valid for all purposes.

16.27 Validity of vote in certain circumstances

A vote cast by a person as a proxy, attorney or representative is valid notwithstanding:

- (a) the previous revocation of that person's authority by the death of the holder of the Units in respect of which the vote is cast or otherwise; or
- (b) the execution of a transfer of those Units by that holder,

unless a notice in writing of the revocation or transfer has been received by the RE or by the chairman of the meeting before the vote is cast.

16.28 Meetings by technology

A meeting of Members or any class of Members may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

16.29 Resolutions binding

A Resolution binds all Members whether or not they were present at the meeting.

16.30 Meetings of Class or Option holders

If any meeting of the holders of a Class or of Option holders is required to be held the foregoing provisions of this article 16 will apply with any necessary amendments.

17 Rights and liabilities of RE

17.1 Holding Units

The RE and its associates may hold Units in the Trust or interests in any trust, company or other investment vehicle which is an associate of any of them, in any capacity.³⁰

17.2 Other capacities

Subject to the Corporations Act,³¹ the RE may:

- (a) deal with itself (as trustee of the Trust or in another capacity), an associate or with any Member;
- (b) be interested in any contract or transaction with itself (as trustee of the Trust or in another capacity), an associate or with any Member or and retain for its own benefit any profits or benefits derived from any such contract or transaction; or
- (c) act in the same or a similar capacity in relation to any other managed investment scheme.

³⁰ See Section 601FG, Section 253E and Part 5C.7

³¹ Refer Part 5C.7

17.3 RE may rely

The RE may take and may act upon:

- (a) the opinion or advice of counsel or solicitors, whether or not instructed by the RE, in relation to the interpretation of this constitution or any other document (whether statutory or otherwise) or generally in connection with the Trust;
- (b) advice, opinions, statements or information from any bankers, accountants, auditors, valuers and other persons consulted by the RE who are in each case believed by the RE in good faith to be expert in relation to the matters upon which they are consulted;
- (c) a document which the RE believes in good faith to be the original or a copy of an appointment by a Member of a person to act as their agent for any purpose connected with the Trust; and
- (d) any other document provided to the RE in connection with the Trust upon which it is reasonable for the RE to rely;

and the RE will not be liable for anything done, suffered or omitted by it in good faith in reliance upon such opinion, advice, statement, information or document.

18 Limitation of liability and indemnity in favour of RE

18.1 RE not liable except to the extent Corporations Act imposes liability

The RE is not liable in contract, tort or otherwise to Members for any loss suffered in any way relating to the Trust except to the extent that the Corporations Act imposes such liability.

18.2 Limitation on RE's liability

Subject to the Corporations Act, the liability of the RE to any person other than a Member in respect of the Trust (including in respect of any contracts entered into as trustee of the Trust or in relation to any Assets) is limited to the RE's ability to be indemnified from the Assets.

18.3 Indemnity in favour of RE

The RE is entitled to be indemnified out of the Assets for any liability incurred by it in properly performing or exercising any of its powers or duties in relation to the Trust.³²

18.4 Indemnity includes acts and omissions of an agent or delegate

To the extent permitted by the Corporations Act,³³ the indemnity under article 18.3 includes any liability incurred as a result of any act or omission of a delegate or agent appointed by the RE.

³² See Section 601GA(2)

³³ See Sections 601FB(2) and 601GA(2)

18.5 Indemnity in addition to indemnity allowed by law

This indemnity is in addition to any indemnity allowed by law. It continues to apply after the RE retires or is removed from the office it holds in relation to the Trust.

18.6 Indemnity unaffected by unrelated breach of trust

The RE may exercise any of its rights of indemnification or reimbursement out of the Assets to satisfy a liability to any creditor of the RE (as trustee of the Trust) notwithstanding that the Trust may have suffered a loss or may have diminished in value as a consequence of any unrelated act, omission or breach of trust by the RE or by any delegate or agent appointed by the RE.

19 Liability of Members

19.1 Liability limited

Subject to articles 19.2 and 19.3, the liability of a Member is limited to the amount if any which remains unpaid in relation to the Member's subscription for their Units.

19.2 Recourse limited to the Assets

In the absence of separate agreement with a Member, the recourse of the RE and any creditor is limited to the Assets.

19.3 Tax and User Pays Fees

The RE is entitled to be indemnified by a Member or former Member to the extent that the RE incurs any liability for Tax or User Pays Fees as a result of the Member's action or inaction, or as a result of an act or omission requested by the Member or former Member. The RE may redeem some or all of the Units held by a Member to satisfy any amount of money due to it by the Member.

19.4 Joint Members

Joint Members and former joint Members are jointly and severally immediately liable in respect of all payments including payments of Tax to which article 19.3 applies, and User Pays Fees.

19.5 Deficiency in the Assets

A Member need not indemnify the RE if there is a deficiency in the Assets or meet the claim of any creditor of the RE in respect of the Trust.

19.6 Restrictions on Members

Except as otherwise set out in this constitution, a Member:

(a) must not interfere with any rights or powers of the RE under this constitution;

- (b) must not exercise a right in respect of an Asset or lodge a caveat or other notice affecting an Asset or otherwise claim any interest in an Asset; or
- (c) may not require an Asset to be transferred to the Member.

20 Remuneration and expenses of the RE

20.1 Fees payable from the Assets

The fees in this article 20 are payable to the RE from the Assets or may be paid from the assets of any Controlled Entity of the Trust. The RE's entitlement to these fees begins on the date the Trust commences and continues to the date of final distribution in accordance with article 22.3.

20.2 Fees subject to Corporations Act

While the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the fees in this article 20 may only be paid to the RE to the extent not prohibited by the Corporations Act.³⁴

20.3 Equity raising and asset acquisition fee

The RE will provide services to the Trust associated with the raising of equity, sourcing and undertaking due diligence inquiries in relation to real property assets and the acquisition of assets by the Trust or any Controlled Entity of the Trust. For provision of these services, the RE is entitled to a fee of 5% of the Gross Value of the assets which the RE acquires or agrees to acquire for the Trust or any Controlled Entity of the Trust or any Controlled Entity of the Trust or any Controlled Entity of the Trust.

The fee is due and payable:

- (a) in respect of each such acquisition or agreement to acquire which occurs before the First Closing Date, 5 Business Days after the First Closing Date; and
- (b) in respect of each such acquisition after the First Closing Date, at the date of completion of the acquisition

and the RE's right to be paid the fee in (a) is conditional on completion of the issue of Units pursuant to the First Offer Document.

20.4 Management Fees

In consideration of the management and administration services to be provided by the RE, the RE is entitled to be paid the following fees:

- (a) a base management fee ("Base Fee") in respect of each Quarter equal to 0.7% per annum of the Gross Value of the Assets, calculated as at the last day of the relevant Quarter and payable within 5 Business Days of that date; and
- (b) a fee equal to:

 $^{^{34}}$ See section 601GA(2) of the Corporations Act.

- (i) the lesser of:
 - (A) 2% of the gross sale price of real property or securities in any trust, company or other investment vehicle in which the Trust or any Controlled Entity of the Trust has a direct or indirect interest; and
 - (B) the difference between the net sale proceeds and the purchase price of the property or the securities plus any acquisition costs; plus
- (ii) an additional fee of 2% of the amount by which the net sale proceeds of the property or securities exceed a figure which represents a greater than 50% profit on the purchase price plus acquisition costs;

in each case adjusted if relevant based on the proportion of the value of the property or securities which the Trust's direct or indirect interest represents; and

(c) the Performance Fee pursuant to article 20.5.

20.5 Performance Fee

(a) The RE is entitled to a performance fee calculated as follows:

Performance Fee = **PF** +**EPF**

where

PF (Tier 1 Performance Fee) = NPc x MCo x 5%, but equals zero if NPc is not greater than zero;

EPF (Tier 2 Performance Fee) = $(NPc-EPb) \times MCo \times 15\%$ but equals zero if NPc is not greater than EPb;

NPc = TR-BM (expressed as a percentage);

NPo (Opening Net Performance) = NPc of prior Half Year except in the first Half Year when NPo = 0;

TR (Trust Return expressed as a percentage) = $(T\underline{c} - To)$ To

where

Tc = Trust Index at the close of the Half Year; and

To = Opening Trust Index being the Trust Index at close of the prior Half Year or if NPo<0 then To = the Trust Index used as the opening Trust Index (To) for the previous period;

BM (Benchmark Return expressed as a percentage) = $\frac{(Bc - Bo)}{Bo}$

where

Bc = Benchmark Index at the end of the Half Year; and

Bo = Opening Benchmark Index being the Benchmark Index at close of the prior Half Year or if NPo<0 the Bo = the Benchmark Index used as the opening Benchmark Index (Bo) for the previous period;

MCo (Market capitalisation) = Po x Uo

where

Po = the weighted average trading price of all Units traded on the ASX during the ten Business Days from and including the date upon which the Units trade ex the distribution entitlement for the period ending on the last day of the prior Half Year; and

Uo = Units on issue at the close of the last day of the prior Half Year;

EPb (Tier 2 Performance Benchmark) = 2% nominal per annum outperformance for the Half Year.

- (b) If the TR (as defined above) for the Trust for a Half Year is negative, no Performance Fee will be payable to the RE until the end of the first succeeding Half Year in which the TR is positive.
- Except as provided in article 20.5(e) the maximum fees to be paid to (c) the RE in respect of any Financial Year including the Base Fee and the Performance Fee is to be an amount equal to 1% of the Trust's direct or indirect proportionate interest in properties and other assets based on the fair market value of those properties and assets at the end of the Financial Year. In applying this limit, if a Performance Fee becomes payable in respect of the Half Year ending 31 December the maximum amount which may be paid in respect of that Half Year comprising both the Base Fee and the Performance Fee for that Half Year will be an amount equal to 0.5% of the value of the Trust's direct or indirect proportionate interest in properties and other assets based on the fair market value of those properties and assets at the end of that Half Year and will represent a part payment on account of the total fees payable in respect of the Financial Year up to the limit for that Financial Year calculated in accordance with this article 20.5.
- (d) If the amount of the total fees for a Financial Year as calculated in accordance with articles 20.4 and 20.5 exceeds the limit for the Financial Year specified in article 20.5(c) only the Base Fee for that Financial Year and the part of the Performance Fee equal to the difference between the Base Fee and the limit shall be payable, and the remaining Performance Fee which would otherwise have been payable in respect of that Financial Year if the limit in article 20.5(c) did not apply ("Excess Performance Fee") will not be payable at that time. The amount of Excess Performance Fee must be recorded as a liability of the Trust payable to the RE and that Excess Performance

Fee shall be paid to the RE in future Half Years if, and to the extent, that the total fees payable to the RE in relation to any future Half Year are less than the limit referred to in article 20.5(c). The amount of Excess Performance Fees to be paid in relation to a Financial Year shall be the aggregate value of the difference between the total fees for that Financial Year before the payment of Excess Performance Fees and the limit for that Financial Year under article 20.5(c). In carrying forward Excess Performance Fees into future Half Years to supplement the RE's total fees up to the limit under article 20.5(c) the Excess Performance Fees which may be paid in any future period shall be calculated at the same rate at which they accrued as a liability.

- (e) If at the end of any Half Year there are any Excess Performance Fees which accrued as a liability at least three years prior to the end of that Half Year and which have not been paid to the RE, those Excess Performance Fees will be paid to the RE, and disregarded for the purpose of calculating the limit under article 20.5(c) in relation to the Financial Year in which they are paid if the accumulated return of the Trust for that three year period expressed as a percentage exceeds the movement in the Benchmark Index over that three year period expressed as a percentage. If Brookfield Capital Management Limited ceases to be the responsible entity of the Trust or the Trust is wound up, Brookfield Capital Management Limited shall be entitled to a cash payment of the amount of Excess Performance Fees which have not previously been paid to it on the date on which it ceases to be the responsible entity of the Trust or the date on which the Trust is terminated, or within seven days after the relevant date.
- (f) Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, the RE may elect to have payment of all or part of the Performance Fee to which it is entitled under paragraph (a) applied to subscribe for Units, or, if a Management Services Agreement has been entered into, may issue Units to the Manager in respect of any performance fees payable under that Management Services Agreement. The number of Units to be issued is to be calculated as the amount of the fee, divided by the Application Price specified in article 20.5(g), rounded down to the nearest whole number of Units. To the extent that the Performance Fee to which the RE is entitled is not applied to the purchase of Units, the fee must be paid in cash to the RE out of the Assets.
- (g) The Application Price for the issue of Units pursuant to article 20.5(f) is the greater of the weighted average trading price of all Units traded on the ASX during the 10 Trading Days from and including the date on which the Units trade ex the distribution entitlement for the relevant Half Year and the net tangible asset backing per Unit at the end of the Half Year.

20.6 Fee offset and waiver of fees

(a) Where a Management Services Agreement has been entered into, the RE's entitlement to fees under articles 20.4 and 20.5 will be reduced to the extent that the Manager receives a base fee and a performance fee under that Management Services Agreement.

(b) The RE may accept lower fees than it is entitled to receive under this constitution, or may defer payment for any period. Where payment is deferred, the fee accrues daily until paid.

20.7 Expenses

All expenses incurred by the RE in relation to the proper performance of its duties in respect of the Trust³⁵ are payable or reimbursable out of the Assets to the extent that such reimbursement is not prohibited by the Corporations Act. This includes expenses connected with:

- (a) this constitution and the formation of the Trust and registration of the Trust as a Registered Scheme, and the formation of entities or other investment vehicles in which the Trust is expected to have a direct or indirect interest, substantially in proportion to the proposed interest;
- (b) the preparation, review, distribution and promotion of any product disclosure statement, prospectus or offering memorandum in respect of Units and other promotion of the Trust;
- (c) the acquisition, management, disposal, insurance, custody and any other dealing with Assets, including travel and accommodation expenses of employees of the RE in carrying out those functions;
- (d) any proposed acquisition, disposal or other dealing with an investment;
- (e) the administration or management of the Trust or its Assets and Liabilities including expenses in connection with the Register or the valuation of any Asset or the Trust as a whole;
- (f) borrowing arrangements on behalf of the Trust or guarantees in connection with the Trust, including hedging costs;
- (g) exchange rate management for foreign investments including hedging costs;
- (h) underwriting of any subscription or purchase of Units including underwriting fees, handling fees, costs and expenses (including marketing and roadshow costs, travel and accommodation expenses and legal fees), amounts payable under indemnity or reimbursement provisions in the underwriting agreement and any amounts becoming payable in respect of any breach (other than for negligence, fraud or breach of duty) by the RE of its obligations, representations or warranties under any such underwriting agreement;
- (i) convening and holding meetings of Members, the implementation of any Resolutions and communications with Members;
- (j) Tax, including any amount charged by a supplier of goods or services, or both, to the RE by way of or as a reimbursement for GST;
- (k) financial institution fees;

³⁵ Refer Section 601GA(2)(b)

- the payment of remuneration (including performance-based fees) for management services pursuant to any Management Services Agreement that may exist at the time;
- (m) the engagement of agents (including real estate agents, managing agents and facilities managers), valuers, contractors and advisers (including legal advisers) whether or not the agents, valuers, contractors or advisers are associates of the RE;
- (n) preparation and audit of the taxation returns, accounting records and accounts of the Trust;
- (o) termination of the Trust and the retirement or removal of the RE and the appointment of a replacement;
- (p) any court proceedings, arbitration or other dispute concerning the Trust including proceedings against the RE, except to the extent that the RE is found by a court to be in breach of trust or to have been negligent, in which case the relevant portion of any expenses paid or reimbursed under this article 20.7(p) must be repaid;
- (q) all damages, expenses, payments, legal and other costs and disbursements incurred by the RE in relation to or in connection with any claim, dispute or litigation (*Claim*) arising as a result of or in connection with any untrue representation or warranty contained in any document relating to any investment by the Trust including any project document in connection with the investment and any offering document, information memorandum or borrowing document in connection with the Trust except where the Claim arises out of the fraud or wilful default of the RE;
- (r) the compliance committee established by the RE in connection with the Trust (if any), including any fees paid to, or insurance premiums³⁶ in respect of, compliance committee members;
- (s) while there is no compliance committee, any costs and expenses associated with the board of directors of the RE carrying out the functions which would otherwise be carried out by a compliance committee, including any fees paid to or insurance premiums in respect of external directors appointed to satisfy the requirements of Chapter 5C of the Corporations Act;
- (t) the preparation, implementation, amendment and audit of the compliance plan;
- (u) the appointment of any compliance officer to undertake compliance work for the Trust;
- (v) the preparation of reports including compliance reports;
- (w) fees payable to any audit committee for the Trust, whether or not appointed in accordance with ASX corporate governance guidelines;

³⁶ See Section 601JG

- (x) the promotion of the Trust generally;
- (y) recording, responding to and dealing with any complaints from Members in connection with the Trust;
- (z) complying with any law, and any request or requirement of the ASIC;
- (aa) the admission of the Trust to any stock exchange, the Official Quotation of Units and compliance with the rules of such an exchange; and
- (bb) anything required or permitted by the Stapling Provisions.

Subject to the Corporations Act, the persons to whom expenses are paid or reimbursed under this article 20.7 may include related bodies corporate of the RE.

20.8 GST

The User Pays Fees and other fees payable by an applicant or Member and the fees payable out of the Assets to the RE under this constitution do not include any amount referable to GST. If the RE is or becomes liable to pay GST in respect of any supply under or in connection with this constitution (including, without limitation, the supply of any goods, services, rights, benefits or things), then, in addition to any fee or other amount or consideration payable to the RE in respect of the supply, the RE is entitled to be paid an additional amount on account of GST, such amount to be calculated by multiplying the fee, amount or consideration for the part of the supply which is a taxable supply for GST purposes by the prevailing rate of GST, and the RE shall be entitled to be reimbursed or indemnified for such amount of GST out of the Assets or assets of any controlled sub-trust.

20.9 Input tax credits

If and to the extent that the RE is not entitled to an input tax credit for GST incurred in respect of any acquisition which it makes under or in connection with this constituion, then the RE is entitled to recover from the Trust by way of reimbursement an additional amount equal to the amount of unrecoverable GST incurred. The recovery of such additional amount shall comprise part of the consideration for a supply by the RE to the Trust treated as separate entities in accordance with Division 184 of the GST Act and for the purposes of the GST Act. This does not affect the character of the payment as an exercise of the RE's right of indemnity from the Assets for other purposes of this constitution and the Corporations Act.

20.10 GST and expenses

Where an expense covered by article 20.7 is paid from the Assets to the RE, the payment shall comprise part of the consideration for a supply by the RE to the Trust treated as separate entities in accordance with Division 184 of the GST Act and for the purposes of the GST Act. This does not affect the character of the payment as an exercise of the RE's right of indemnity from the Assets for other purposes of this constitution and the Corporations Act.

21 Duration of the Trust

21.1 Initial settlement

The Trust commences when the RE's nominee or nominees subscribe/s \$100 for Units in the Trust. The RE's nominee or nominees must be issued with 100 Fully Paid Units in return for that payment. The beneficial interest in the Trust as constituted by the settlement of the sum of \$100 shall be divided into 100 Units issued at \$1.00 each.

21.2 Termination

The Trust terminates on the earlier of:

- (a) the date specified by the RE as the date of termination of the Trust in a notice given to Members; and
- (b) the date on which the Trust terminates in accordance with another provision of this constitution or by law.³⁷

21.3 Perpetuity period and restriction on issue and redemption of Units

Despite any other provision in this constitution, no Units may be issued or redeemed after the 80th anniversary of the day before the Trust commenced, unless that issue or redemption would not offend the rule against perpetuities or any other rule of law or equity. This restriction does not require that the Trust terminate on the expiration of that period, but requires that the Trust be fully vested by the end of that period.

22 Procedure on termination

22.1 Realisation of Assets

Following termination, the RE must realise the Assets. This must be completed in 180 days if practical and in any event as soon as possible after that.

22.2 Audit of winding up

If and to the extent that ASIC policy so requires, the RE must arrange for independent review or audit of the final accounts of the Trust by a registered company auditor.

22.3 Distribution following termination

The net proceeds of realisation, after making allowance for all Liabilities of the Trust (actual and anticipated) and meeting the expenses (including anticipated expenses) of the termination, must be distributed to Members in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{(A+X) \ x \ B}{C} \ \text{-} \ Y$$

³⁷ See Part 5C.9 on winding up

Where:

- A = the amount remaining in the Trust after deduction of the Liabilities and expenses referred to in this article 22.3;
- B = the aggregate of the number of Units held by the Member as at termination, including both Fully Paid Units and Partly Paid Units; and
- C = the aggregate of the total number of Units in issue as at termination, including both Fully Paid Units and Partly Paid Units;
- X = the aggregate of the amounts remaining unpaid on all Partly Paid Units in issue (if any); and
- Y = the aggregate of the amounts remaining unpaid on all Partly Paid Units held by the Member (if any) as at termination.

If the calculation of the entitlement to distribution of capital in respect of a particular Member in accordance with the formula in this article 22.3 results in a negative dollar amount, then that Member must pay to the RE within 30 days of the date of a written request to do so that dollar amount, and the amount so required to be paid will become an Asset available for distribution on the winding up of the Trust.

The RE may distribute proceeds of realisation in instalments.

22.4 Constitution applies until date of final distribution

Subject to the Corporations Act, the provisions of this constitution continue to apply from the date of termination until the date of final distribution under this article 22, but during that period the RE may not accept any applications for Units from a person who is not an existing Member.

23 Amendments to this constitution

- (a) Subject to the Corporations Act,³⁸ this constitution may be amended:
 - (i) by Resolution;³⁹ or
 - (ii) by deed executed by the RE.
- (b) If the constitution is amended by Resolution, the RE may give effect to the amendments by executing a supplemental deed.

³⁸ See Section 601GC for power to amend the constitution. The amendment cannot take effect until a copy of the modification is lodged with the ASIC.

³⁹ The required majority for such a Resolution under section 601GC(1)(a) is 75% of eligible votes cast.

24 Compliance committee

If any Compliance Committee Member incurs a liability in that capacity in good faith, the Compliance Committee Member is entitled to be indemnified out of the Assets in respect of that liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act.⁴⁰

25 Complaints

If a Member submits to the RE a Complaint alleging that the Member has been adversely affected by the RE's conduct in its management or administration of the Trust, the RE:

- (a) must acknowledge in writing receipt of the Complaint as soon as practicable and in any event within 14 days from receipt;
- (b) must ensure that the Complaint receives proper consideration resulting in a determination by a person or body designated by the RE as appropriate to handle Complaints;
- (c) must act in good faith to deal with the Complaint by endeavouring to correct any error which is capable of being corrected without affecting the rights of third parties;
- (d) may in its discretion give any of the following remedies to the complainant:
 - (i) information and explanation regarding the circumstances giving rise to the Complaint;
 - (ii) an apology; or
 - (iii) compensation for loss incurred by the Member as a direct result of the breach (if any); and
- (e) must communicate to the complainant in relation to the Complaint as soon as practicable and in any event not more than 45 days after receipt by the RE of the Complaint:
 - (i) the determination in relation to the Complaint;
 - (ii) the remedies (if any) available to the Member; and
 - (iii) information regarding any further avenue for Complaint.

26 Statutory provisions

26.1 Statutory requirements

(a) If:

⁴⁰ See section 601JF.

- the Corporations Act requires that this constitution contain certain provisions, or if any ASIC Relief on which the RE has determined it wishes to rely or which is expressly applicable to the Trust and the RE requires provisions to a certain effect to be contained in this constitution in order for the ASIC Relief to apply ("**Required Provisions**"); or
- (ii) any part of this constitution (a "Required Part") is included to comply with the requirements of the Corporations Act, Listing Rules, ASIC or ASX ("Regulatory Requirement") and that Regulatory Requirement ceases or changes,

then, to the extent the Corporations Act allows, this constitution is automatically amended so that the Required Provisions are included, or the Required Part is deleted or amended to reflect the altered Regulatory Requirement; and the Required Provisions prevail over any other provisions of this constitution to the extent of any inconsistency.

- (b) The Members:
 - (i) authorise the RE to make the amendments referred to in this article 26.1 in a deed made for that purpose and, if required, to lodge it with ASIC; and
 - (ii) agree that, subject to the Corporations Act, their rights under this constitution do not include or extend to any right that would be adversely affected by the operation of this article 26.1.
- (c) Where this article 26.1 operates to automatically amend this constitution to incorporate a provision, it is deemed to be incorporated as a separate and distinct provision.

26.2 Listing Rules

While the Units are Officially Quoted:

- (a) notwithstanding anything contained in this constitution, if the Listing Rules prohibit an act being done, the act shall not be done;
- (b) nothing contained in this constitution prevents an act being done that the Listing Rules require to be done;
- (c) if the Listing Rules require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be);
- (d) if the Listing Rules require this constitution to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this constitution is deemed to contain that provision;
- (e) if the Listing Rules require this constitution not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this constitution is deemed not to contain that provision; and

(f) if any provision of this constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Rules, this constitution is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.

26.3 Corporations Act and the Listing Rules

- (a) Any provision of this constitution which is expressed to apply subject to the Corporations Act shall only be read as subject to the Corporations Act while the Trust is a Registered Scheme.
- (b) Any provision of this constitution which is expressed to apply subject to the Listing Rules shall only be read as subject to the Listing Rules while the Units are Officially Quoted.

26.4 ASIC Class Orders

In accordance with ASIC Class Order 98/1808 or its equivalent or any similar ASIC Relief from subsections 601GC(1) and (2) of the Corporations Act, and for so long as they apply to the Trust, a change in the text of this constitution that is covered by such instrument is not a modification of, or the repeal and replacement of, the constitution for the purposes of subsections 601GC(1) and (2) of the Corporations Act. Changes in the text of the constitution to which this article 26.4 applies are made pursuant to the power in article 23 but in respect of such changes the requirements of article 23 are to be read subject to this article 26.

26.5 This article prevails

Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, the provisions of this article 26 prevail over other provisions of this constitution to the extent of any inconsistency.

27 Small Holdings

27.1 Application of this article

This article 27 applies while the Units are Officially Quoted.

27.2 RE's right to sell Small Holdings

Subject to the provisions of this article 27, the RE may in its discretion from time to time sell or redeem any Units held by a Member that is a Small Holder without request by the Small Holder.

27.3 Divestment Notice

If the RE determines that a Member is a Small Holder the RE may give the Member a Divestment Notice to notify the Member:

(a) that the Member is a Small Holder, the number of Units making up and the market value of the Small Holding and the date on which the market value was determined;

- (b) that, unless the Small Holder tells the RE that the Small Holder wishes to retain the Units making up the Small Holding before the Relevant Period lapses, the RE intends to sell the Relevant Units in accordance with this article after the end of the Relevant Period specified in the Divestment Notice;
- (c) after the end of the Relevant Period, if the Small Holder has not informed the RE that it wishes to retain the Units making up the Small Holding, the RE may for the purpose of selling the Relevant Units that are in a CS Facility holding initiate a holding adjustment to move those Units from that CS Facility holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or certificated holding.

If the Operating Rules of a CS Facility apply to the Relevant Units, the Divestment Notice must comply with those Operating Rules.

27.4 Relevant Period

The Relevant Period must be at least six weeks from the date the Divestment Notice was given.

27.5 Limitation on RE's right to sell

The RE will not sell or redeem the relevant Units:

- (a) before the expiry of 6 weeks from the date of the notice given under article 27.3; or
- (b) if, within the 6 weeks allowed by article 27.4:
 - (i) the Small Holder advises the RE that the Small Holder wishes to retain the Units making up the Small Holding; or
 - (ii) the market value of the Small Holding held by the Small Holder increases to at least a marketable parcel as provided in the Listing Rules.

27.6 RE can sell Relevant Units

At the end of the Relevant Period, if the Small Holder has not advised the RE that the Small Holder wishes to retain the Units making up the Small Holding, the RE is entitled to sell on-market or in any other way determined by the RE the Relevant Units of a Member who is a Small Holder.

27.7 No obligation to sell

The RE is not bound to sell any Relevant Units which it is entitled to sell under this article 27 but unless the Relevant Units are sold within 10 weeks after the end of the Relevant Period the RE's right to sell the Relevant Units under the Divestment Notice relating to those Units lapses and it must notify the Member to whom the Divestment Notice was given accordingly.

27.8 RE as Member's attorney

To effect the sale and transfer by the RE of Relevant Units of a Member, the Member appoints the RE and each Director and Secretary of the RE jointly and severally as the Member's attorney in the Member's name and on the Member's behalf to do all acts and things which the RE considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental or appropriate to effect the sale or transfer of the Relevant Units and, in particular:

- (a) to initiate a Holding Adjustment to move the Relevant Units from a CS Facility holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or a Certificated Holding; and
- (b) to execute on behalf of the Member all deeds, instruments or other documents necessary to transfer the Relevant Units and to deliver any such deeds, instruments or other documents to the purchaser.

27.9 Conclusive evidence

A statement in writing by or on behalf of the RE under this article 27 is binding on and conclusive against (in the absence of manifest error) a Member. In particular, a statement that the Relevant Units specified in the statement have been sold in accordance with this article 27 is conclusive against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Relevant Units and discharges the purchaser from all liability in respect of the Relevant Units.

27.10 Registering the purchaser

The RE must register the purchaser of Relevant Units as the holder of the Relevant Units transferred to the purchaser under this article. The purchaser is not bound to see to the application of any money paid as consideration. The title of the purchaser to the Relevant Units transferred to the purchaser is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the actions of the RE under this article 27.

27.11 Payment of proceeds

Subject to article 27.12, where:

- (a) Relevant Units of a Member are sold or redeemed by the RE on behalf of the Member under this article; and
- (b) the certificate for the Relevant Units (unless the RE is satisfied that the certificate has been lost or destroyed or the Relevant Units are uncertificated securities) has been received by the RE,

the RE must, within 60 days of the completion of the sale or redemption, send the net proceeds of sale or redemption (at the Redemption Price per Unit specified in article 8.1) to the Member entitled to those proceeds by sending a cheque payable to the Member through the post to the address of the Member shown in the Register, or in the case of joint holders, to the address shown in the Register as the address of the Member whose name first appears in the Register. Payment of any money under this article is at the risk of the Member to whom it is sent.

27.12 Costs

The Trust or the purchaser of the Units making up the Small Holding must pay the costs of the sale or redemption as the RE decides.

27.13 Remedy limited to damages

The remedy of a Member to whom this article applies, in respect of the sale of the Relevant Units of that Member is expressly limited to a right of action in damages against the RE to the exclusion of any other right, remedy or relief against any other person.

27.14 Distributions and voting suspended

Unless the RE determines otherwise, the rights to receive payment of distributions and to vote attached to the Relevant Units of that Member are suspended until the Relevant Units are transferred to a new holder or that Member ceases to be a Small Holder. Any distributions that would, but for this article 27.14, have been paid to that Member must be held by the RE and paid to that Member within 60 days after the earlier of the date the Relevant Units of that Member are transferred and the date that the Relevant Units of that Member cease to be subject to a Divestment Notice.

27.15 12 month limit

If it is a requirement of the Listing Rules, the RE must not give a Small Holder more than one Divestment Notice in any 12 month period (except as contemplated by article 27.16).

27.16 Effect of takeover bid

From the date of the announcement of a takeover bid for the Units until the close of the offers made under the takeover bid, the RE's powers under this article to sell Relevant Units of a Member cease. After the close of the offers under the takeover bid, the RE may give a Divestment Notice to a Member who is a Small Holder, despite article 27.15 and the fact that it may be less than 12 months since the RE gave a Divestment Notice to that Member.

28 Registers and inspection of records

28.1 Joint tenancy

Persons Registered jointly as the holder of a Unit hold as joint tenants and not as tenants in common unless the RE otherwise agrees.

28.2 Inspection by Members

Subject to the Corporations Act, the RE may determine whether and to what extent, and at what time and places and under what conditions, the accounting records and other documents of the Trust or any of them will be open to the inspection of Members.

28.3 Right of a Member to inspect

A Member (other than the RE) does not have the right to inspect any document of the Trust except as provided by law or authorised by the RE or by the Members in general meeting.

28.4 Holding Statements

Subject to the Corporations Act, while the Trust is not admitted to an uncertified trading system, a holding statement may be issued to evidence the holding of Units.

29 Interpretation

29.1 Definitions

Words defined in the Stapling Provisions have the same meanings when used in this constitution unless otherwise defined in this constitution.

In this constitution these words and phrases have the following meaning unless the contrary intention appears:

Application Price: the application price for a Unit calculated in accordance with this constitution.⁴¹

Approved Valuer: any person, independent of the RE, who is duly qualified to value any Assets of the Trust.

ASIC: the Australian Securities and Investments Commission or any regulatory body which replaces it or performs its functions.

ASIC Relief: an exemption or declaration granted by ASIC which gives relief from certain requirements of the Corporations Act.

Assets: all the property, rights and income of the Trust, but not application money or property in respect of which Units have not yet been issued, instalments of the Application Price which have not become due and payable, proceeds of redemption which have not yet been paid or any amount in the distribution account.

ASTC Settlement Rules: the operating rules of the settlement facility provided by ASX Settlement and Transfer Corporation Pty Ltd (ABN 49 008 504 532).

ASX: ASX Limited or the market operated by it as the context requires.

Base Fee: the fee payable to the RE under article 20.4(a).

Benchmark Index: the average of the S&P/ASX 300 Property Accumulation Index as calculated by Standard & Poor's, or other suitable body as determined by the RE from time to time and notified to Members, as at the close of normal trading on each of the 10 Trading Days from and

⁴¹ See article 6 "Application Price for Units"

including the date on which the Units trade ex the entitlement for the relevant Half Year. If this index ceases to be published or reasonably able to be calculated a comparable index reasonably selected by the RE may be substituted.

BBSW for a period:

- (a) the rate determined by the RE to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 0.01%) of the bid rates displayed at or about 10.30am Sydney time on the first day of that period on the Reuters screen BBSW page for a term of one month after eliminating one of the highest and one of the lowest of those rates; or
- (b) if for any reason there are no rates displayed for a term then BBSW will be the rate determined by the RE to be the average of the buying rates quoted to the RE by 3 Australian banks selected by the RE at or about that time on that day. The buying rates must be for bills of exchange which are accepted by an Australian bank and which have a term equivalent to one month.

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday or Sunday on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney and Melbourne but if the Units are Officially Quoted has the meaning given to that term in the Listing Rules.

Class: a class of Units, or members holding Units of a class, as the context requires.

Complaint means an expression of dissatisfaction made to the RE, related to its products or services, or the complaints handling process itself, where a response or resolution is explicitly or implicitly expected.

Compliance Committee Member: a member of a compliance committee established by the RE in connection with the Trust.

Controlled Entity means, in respect of a holder (which includes a trust), any vehicle which the holder controls for the purposes of section 50AA of the Corporations Act, and includes a controlled sub trust, a corporate subsidiary or other vehicle such as a partnership in which the holder has a controlling interest.

Corporations Act: the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth), and a reference to a particular provision of the Corporations Act includes a reference to that provision as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief.

CS Facility: has the same meaning as in the Corporations Act.

CS Facility holding : has the meaning given in the ASTC Settlement Rules.

CS Facility Operator: the operator of the CS Facility.

Custodian: a person for the time being holding Assets as custodian for the RE.

Defaulted Unit: a Partly Paid Unit on which:

- (a) an instalment is due and payable;
- (b) a valid call has been made; and
- (c) the call has not been paid on or by the day specified in the call.

Details: the section of this constitution headed "Details".

Distributable Income: has the meaning given in article 10.1.

Distribution Calculation Date: the Financial Year End Date and such other days as the RE designates.

Distribution Period:

- (a) for the first distribution period, the period from the establishment of the Trust to the next Distribution Calculation Date;
- (b) for the last distribution period, the period from the day after the preceding Distribution Calculation Date to the date of distribution on winding up of the Trust; and
- (c) in all other circumstances, the period from the day after the preceding Distribution Calculation Date to the next occurring Distribution Calculation Date.

Divestment Notices: a notice given under article 27.3.

Financial Year:

- (a) for the first financial year, the period from the establishment of the Trust to the next Financial Year End Date;
- (b) for the last financial year, the period from the day immediately following the Financial Year End Date before the date the Trust terminates to the date of distribution on winding up of the Trust; and
- (c) in all other circumstances, the period from the day after the preceding Financial Year End Date to the next occurring Financial Year End Date.

Financial Year End Date:

- (a) 30 June; and
- (b) the day on which the Trust becomes a "subsidiary unit holder" of a "consolidated group" or "consolidatable group" (as defined in the Tax Act); and
- (c) the day on which the Trust ceases to be a "subsidiary unit holder" of a "consolidated group" or "consolidatable group" (as defined in the Tax Act),

or another financial year end date nominated by the RE.

First Closing Date: the date on which the issue of Units pursuant to the First Offer Document is completed.

First Offer Document: the first product disclosure statement under Part 7.9 of the Corporations Act pursuant to which Units are offered for subscription.

Fully Paid Unit: a Unit on which the Application Price has been fully paid.

GST: a goods and services tax, value added tax, consumption tax or a similar tax or a tax on services only.

GST Act means A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cwth) and any other act or regulation relating to the imposition or administration of GST.

Gross Value: when referring to an asset or assets, means the value of the asset or assets without deducting related liabilities such as debt funding.

Half Year: a period of 6 months ending on 30 June or 31 December. The first Half Year is the period from the date on which Units are first Officially Quoted to 31 December 2007, and in relation to calculations for that initial Half Year for the purposes of calculating Performance Fees, the expression "last day of the prior Half Year" means the day prior to the commencement of that Half Year.

Income Distribution: in respect of a Member and a Distribution Period, the amount calculated in respect of the Member under article 10.7.

Issuer Sponsored Holding: has the same meaning as in the ASTC Settlement Rules.

Liabilities: all present liabilities of the Trust including any provision taken into account in accordance with applicable accounting standards in determining the liabilities of the Trust, but not liabilities:

- (a) to applicants for Units in respect of application money or property in respect of which Units have not yet been issued; or
- (b) to Members, arising by virtue of the right of Members to request redemption of their Units or to participate in the distribution of the Assets on winding up of the Trust.

Liquid: has the same meaning as in the Corporations Act.

Listed:

- (a) in the case of the Trust, the Trust being listed on the ASX; and
- (b) in the case of the Units, the Units being Officially Quoted,

and Listing has a corresponding meaning.

Listing Rules: the listing rules of ASX and any other rules of ASX which are applicable while the Trust is admitted to the official list of the ASX, each as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by the ASX.

Management Services Agreement: an agreement that may be entered into between the RE as responsible entity of the Trust, and the Manager which relates to management services provided by the Manager, for the benefit of the Trust.

Manager: Multiplex Investment Funds Pty Limited ACN 103 114 441 or any other entity nominated by the RE to provide management services.

Market Price: of a Unit on a particular day is:

- (a) the weighted average price per Unit for sales on the ASX (excluding any special crossings) for the period of 15 Trading Days immediately prior to the relevant day (whether or not a sale was recorded on any particular day); or
- (b) if:
 - (i) Units have not been Officially Quoted for at least 15 consecutive Trading Days before the relevant day; or
 - (ii) in the RE's opinion a determination under paragraph (a) of this definition would not provide a fair reflection of the market value of the Unit having regard to the nature of the proposed offer of Units and the circumstances in which the proposed offer is made,

the price per Unit that an Approved Valuer determines to be the market price of the Unit on the relevant day.

Market Value: in relation to an Asset at a particular time means:

- (a) in the case of an Asset that is cash or a deposit with an Australian ADI, its face value plus any accrued interest;
- (b) in the case of an Asset that is a financial product traded on a financial market, the latest bid price on that market that is readily available to the RE, unless the RE reasonably believes that the bid price does not represent the true value of the Asset, in which case paragraph (d) will apply;
- (c) in the case of an Asset that is an interest in a managed investment scheme that is not listed or quoted for dealing on any financial market, the redemption price of the interest as quoted by the manager, trustee or responsible entity of the scheme on such date plus any income entitlements accrued at that date as advised by the manager, trustee or responsible entity or, if information about the redemption price and accumulated income entitlements is not available for that date, the latest earlier date for which that information is available. Where the scheme is operated by the RE or a related body corporate of the RE, the redemption price of the interest (excluding any

allowance for transaction costs) and the accumulated income entitlements must be determined in accordance with the constitution governing the scheme; and

(d) in the case of any other Asset, the value of the Asset determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or, if the RE is of the opinion that such valuation does not truly reflect the value of the Asset, such value as last determined by a Valuer approved by the RE at the expense of the Trust.

Member: the person Registered as the holder of a Unit (including persons jointly Registered) and where required by the Corporations Act or the context includes the holder of an Option.

Minimum Holding: means the amount from time to time determined by the RE pursuant to article 7.4.

Net Asset Value: the value of the Assets calculated in accordance with article 9 less the Liabilities.

Officially Quoted: quotation on the official list of the ASX, including when quotation is suspended for a continuous period of not more than 60 days.

Operating Rules: the operating rules of a CS Facility regulating the settlement, clearing and registration of uncertificated Units as amended, varied or waived (whether in respect of the Trust or generally) from time to time.

Option: an option granted by the RE in respect of an unissued Unit.

Paid-up Proportion: the number obtained by multiplying the number of Partly Paid Units on issue as at the date of calculation by the fraction obtained by dividing the aggregate of all amounts paid or due but unpaid in respect of all Partly Paid Units in issue as at the date of calculation by the total of the Application Prices of those Partly Paid Units.

Partly Paid Unit: a Unit on which the Application Price has not been paid in full.

Performance Fee: the fee payable to the RE under article 20.5.

Quarter:

- (a) for the first quarter, the period from the establishment of the Trust to the next Quarter End Date;
- (b) for the last quarter, the period from the day immediately following the Quarter End Date before the Trust terminates to the date of distribution on winding up of the Trust; and
- (c) in all other circumstances, the 3 month period from the day after the preceding Quarter End Date to the next occurring Quarter End Date.

Quarter End Date: 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December.

RE:

- (a) while the Trust is a Registered Scheme, the company which is shown in ASIC's records as the responsible entity for the Trust under the Corporations Act; and
- (b) while the Trust is not a Registered Scheme, the trustee of the Trust, and the first trustee is Brookfield Capital Management Limited ACN 094 936 866.

Record Date: in relation to a Distribution Period:

- (a) if the Distribution Period ends on the last day of a Financial Year, the last day of the Financial Year; and
- (b) in all other circumstances, the date determined by the RE as the record date for that Distribution Period.

Redemption Price: the redemption price of a Unit calculated in accordance with this constitution.⁴²

Redemption Request: a written request to the RE to redeem Units.

Register: the register of Members kept by the RE under the Corporations Act.

Registered: recorded in the Register.

Registered Scheme: has the same meaning as in the Corporations Act.

Registrar: the person appointed to maintain the Register from time to time.

Registration: recording in the Register.

Related Party: has the same meaning as in the Corporations Act.

Relevant Period: the period specified in a Divestment Notice.

Relevant Units: the Units specified in a Divestment Notice.

Relevant Security: a Unit or an Option.

Reorganisation: has the meaning given in article 3.12(a) and "**Reorganise**" is to be construed accordingly.

Resolution:

- (a) a resolution passed at a meeting of Members in the Trust:
 - (i) on a show of hands, by the required majority of Members present in person or by attorney, representative or proxy and voting on the show of hands; or

⁴² See "Redemption Price of Units"

- (ii) on a poll, by the required majority of votes cast by Members present in person or by attorney, representative or proxy and voting on the poll; or
- (b) where the law allows, a resolution in writing signed by Members holding the required majority of the Units in the Trust.

Except where this constitution or any applicable law provides otherwise, the "required majority" is a simple majority.⁴³

Restriction Agreement: a restriction agreement within the meaning and for the purposes of the Listing Rules.

Restricted Securities: the same meaning as in the Listing Rules.

Small Holder: a Member who is a holder or a joint holder of a Small Holding.

Small Holding: a holding of Units created by the transfer of a parcel of Units the aggregate market value of which at the time a proper transfer was initiated or a paper based transfer was lodged, was less than a marketable parcel of Units as provided under the Listing Rules.

Stapling Provisions: the provisions relating to Stapling contained in article 1.3 and in the schedule to this constitution.

Tax: all kinds of taxes, duties, imposts, deductions and charges imposed by a government including GST or any amount recovered from the RE by way of reimbursement of GST or any amount included either expressly or impliedly in an amount paid or payable by the RE on account of GST, together with interest and penalties.

Tax Act: the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 (*1936 Act*), the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (*1997 Act*) or both the 1936 Act and the 1997 Act, as appropriate.

Trading Day: has the same meaning as in the Listing Rules.

Transaction Costs:

- (a) when calculating the Application Price of a Unit, the RE's estimate of the total cost of acquiring the Assets; and
- (b) when calculating the Redemption Price of a Unit, the RE's estimate of the total cost of selling the Assets.

The RE's estimate of total costs must be reasonable in light of the information available to the RE at the time the estimate is made.

Trust: the trust constituted under or governed by this constitution.

⁴³ Circumstances where a special resolution is required include a vote on amendments to this constitution if necessary (see section 601GC(1)(a)). For voting on winding up by Members and choosing a new responsible entity see sections 601FL and 601NB.

Trust Index: the accumulation index for the Trust as calculated by Standard & Poor's, or other suitable body as determined by the RE from time to time and notified to Members, using the closing market price series data except for the closing price at the end of the Half Year which shall be replaced by the 10 day volume weighted average trading price from and including the date on which the Units trade ex distribution entitlement for the relevant Half Year. The index will commence at 100 on the date on which Units are first Officially Quoted, utilising if Units are partly paid, the relevant instalment amount paid for each Unit.

Unit: an undivided share in the beneficial interest in the Trust as provided in this constitution.

User Pays Fees: any cost incurred in relation to:

- (a) an entitlement to a payment or a payment to or from the Trust in respect of a Member; or
- (b) any act or omission requested by a Member,

which the RE considers should be borne by that Member.

Valuation Time: a time at which the RE calculates Net Asset Value.

VWAP in respect of a Unit for a Trading Day means the volume weighted average of the Unit prices for that Trading Day for all sales of Units recorded on ASX for the day, but excluding sales that occur otherwise than in the ordinary course of trading on ASX, such as special crossings, crossings prior to the commencement of normal trading, crossings during the closing phase and the after hours adjust phase, and any overseas sales or sales pursuant to the exercise of options over Units, any overnight crossings and any other sales which the RE reasonably considers may not be fairly reflective of natural supply and demand.

29.2 Interpretation

Unless the contrary intention appears, in this constitution:

- (a) a reference to this constitution includes any schedule;
- (b) terms defined in the Corporations Act are used with their defined meaning;
- (c) a reference to a statute, ordinance, code or other law includes regulations and other instruments under it and consolidations, amendments, re-enactments or replacements;
- (d) the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- (e) the words "includes" or "including", "for example" or "such as" when introducing a list of items do not exclude a reference to other items, whether of the same class or genus or not;
- (f) amend includes delete or replace;

- (g) person includes a firm, a body corporate, an unincorporated association or an authority;
- (h) the cover page, contents, headings (except in so far as they are used as a means of cross reference), footnotes, marginal notes and finding lists are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation of this constitution;
- (i) a reference to a year (other than a Financial Year) or month means a calendar year or calendar month respectively;
- (j) a reference to dollars or \$ is a reference to the currency of Australia.

29.3 Other documents

A document does not become part of this constitution by reason only of that document referring to this constitution or vice versa, or any electronic link between them.

29.4 Constitution legally binding⁴⁴

This constitution binds the RE and each present and future Member and any person claiming through any of them in accordance with its terms (as amended from time to time) as if each of them had been a party to this constitution.

29.5 Severance

If all or part of any provision contained in this constitution is void or invalid or would otherwise result in all or part of this constitution being void or invalid for any reason, then such part is to be severed from this constitution without affecting the validity or operation of any other provision of this constitution.

29.6 Governing law

This constitution is governed by the law in force in the place specified in the Details.

29.7 Other obligations excluded

Except as required by the Corporations Act all obligations of the RE which might otherwise be implied or imposed by law or equity are expressly excluded to the extent permitted by law, including without limitation any obligation of the RE in its capacity as trustee of the Trust arising under any statute.

29.8 Schedule

The schedule to this constitution is an operative part of it.

⁴⁴ Refer Section 601GB

Schedule - Stapling Provisions

The following provisions take effect on and from the Stapling Commencement Date if determined by the Issuer and, if so determined, apply unless and until they cease to apply in accordance with the relevant Constituent Documents.

On and from the Stapling Commencement Date:

- (a) the Stapling Provisions apply and the relevant Constituent Document is to be read subject to the Stapling Provisions; and
- (b) subject to the clause titled "Statutory Provisions" in the relevant Constituent Document, the Stapling Provisions prevail over all other provisions of the relevant Constituent Document including any that are expressed to prevail over others, except where this would result in a breach of the Corporations Act, the Listing Rules or any other law.

The Stapling Provisions apply to the Issuer in respect of its respective Stapled Entity and its Attached Securities. Unless the contrary intention appears, in this schedule a reference to a clause is a reference to a clause of this schedule.

1 Stapling - general intention

1.1 Stapled Securities - general intention

The Attached Securities are intended to be Stapled to form a Stapled Security from the Stapling Commencement Date. Subject to clause 7 it is intended that:

- (a) the holders of one Attached Security will be identical to the holders of each Other Attached Security;
- (b) as far as the law permits, the Stapled Securities shall be treated as one security;
- (c) the number of each Attached Security on issue at any time must equal the number of each Other Attached Security on issue;
- (d) no transfer of an Attached Security is to occur without each Other Attached Security being transferred at the same time from the same transferor to the same transferee; and
- (e) no Attached Security is to be issued unless each Other Attached Security is issued at the same time to the same person.

1.2 Transaction Documents

Without limiting the Constituent Documents, the Issuer is authorised to enter into the Transaction Documents and to perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents.

1.3 Stapling matters

- (a) The rights and obligations attaching to each Attached Security are set out in the relevant Constituent Document.
- (b) Without limiting the Constituent Documents or the Corporations Act, each Investor by subscribing for, taking a transfer of, or otherwise acquiring a Stapled Security (either personally or through their agent or attorney) will be taken to have consented to each provision in the Constituent Documents, including without limitation:
 - (i) the Stapling of the Attached Securities;
 - (ii) any Reorganisation of the Attached Securities;
 - (iii) the disposal of any Defaulted Stapled Securities;
 - (iv) the disposal of any Small Holding of Stapled Securities;
 - (v) the restrictions on Stapled Securities that are Restricted Securities;
 - (vi) the Stapling of New Attached Securities to the Stapled Securities;
 - (vii) the Investor becoming a member of any new Stapled Entity and being bound by the Constituent Documents for any New Attached Security;
 - (viii) the Unstapling of one or more Attached Securities;
 - (ix) the Restapling of an Unstapled Security;
 - (x) the Unstapling of the Stapled Securities; and
 - (xi) the disposal of Stapled Securities of a Designated Foreign Investor in accordance with clause 8,

(each a "Stapling Matter").

- (c) To effect any Stapling Matter, each Investor irrevocably appoints the Issuer as the Investor's:
 - (i) agent and attorney in the Investor's name and on the Investor's behalf to do all acts and things and execute all documents which the Issuer, in consultation with each Other Issuer, considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect any Stapling Matter; and
 - (ii) proxy to vote at any meeting in favour of any resolution to effect a Stapling Matter.
- (d) Without limiting clause 1.3(c) or any provision of a relevant Constituent Document, to effect the Stapling of a New Attached Security to the Stapled Securities under clause 6, each Investor

irrevocably appoints the Issuer as the Investor's agent and attorney in the Investor's name and on the Investor's behalf to:

- (i) agree to obtain any New Attached Security;
- (ii) apply any distributions, redemption proceeds or other payments to obtain a New Attached Security;
- (iii) where a New Attached Security comprises shares or an interest in shares or interests in a company or managed investment scheme, to agree to become a member of that company or managed investment scheme;
- (iv) to do all acts and things and execute all applications, transfers, withdrawals and any other documents which the Issuer, in consultation with each Other Issuer, considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect the Transfer of the New Attached Security to the Investor under clause 6.
- (e) Without limiting clause 1.3(c), to effect the disposal of Stapled Securities held by or on behalf of a Designated Foreign Investor under clause 8, each Designated Foreign Investor irrevocably appoints the Issuer as that Investor's agent and attorney in the Investor's name and on the Investor's behalf to:
 - (i) receive and apply the Amounts referred to in clause 8(c)(i) in the manner contemplated in clause 8;
 - (ii) execute applications or transfers in relation to the Transfer of any New Attached Security;
 - (iii) execute transfers of any Stapled Securities which are to be the subject of the Sale Facility; and
 - (iv) do all acts and things and execute any other documents which the Issuer, in consultation with each Other Issuer, considers necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to effect the disposal of the Stapled Securities of the Designated Foreign Investor under clause 8.
- (f) The Issuer may:
 - (i) appoint (and revoke the appointment of) one or more substitute attorneys to exercise one or more of the powers given to the Issuer in relation to any Stapling Matter; and
 - (ii) do all acts and things and execute all documents under this clause 1.3 without needing further authority or approval from an Investor and may do so even if it has an interest in the outcome of such exercise.
- (g) Each Investor acknowledges and recognises that the exercise of the powers given to the Issuer under clauses 1.3(e) and 8 may cause individual Investors considerable disadvantage (including possible

adverse financial and taxation consequences) but each Investor acknowledges that such a result is necessary to enable the requirements of clause 8 (Designated Foreign Investors) to be met.

(h) To the fullest extent permitted by law the Issuer shall be under no liability to any Investor or any Stapled Entity and a Stapled Entity shall be under no liability to any Investor for any loss or disadvantage incurred by an Investor as a result, whether directly or indirectly, of the Issuer exercising its powers in relation to any Stapling Matter.

2 Dealings in Stapled Securities

2.1 Stapling

- (a) Subject to clause 7, on and from the Stapling Commencement Date:
 - (i) each Attached Security must be Stapled to each Other Attached Security to form a Stapled Security;
 - (ii) the Issuer must not:
 - (A) offer an Attached Security for subscription or sale unless an offer is made at the same time and to the same person for each Other Attached Security for issue or sale;
 - (B) offer an Attached Security for subscription or sale unless the terms of that offer require each offeree to subscribe for or buy each Other Attached Security;
 - (C) accept an application for an Attached Security if the applicant does not at the same time apply for the Other Attached Securities or if the Other Attached Securities will not be issued to the applicant at the same time as the issue of the Attached Securities to the applicant;
 - (D) issue or sell an Attached Security to any person unless each Other Attached Security is also issued or sold to the same person at the same time;
 - (E) issue any rights or options to acquire an Attached Security unless corresponding rights or options to acquire each Other Attached Security are issued at the same time and to the same person;
 - (F) without the prior written consent of each Other Issuer, issue any Security or class of Security other than an Attached Security or any right or option to acquire any such Attached Security; and
 - (G) permit a reinvestment by Investors in an Attached Security unless at the same time the Investor acquires each Other Attached Security which when

issued or acquired are Stapled to the Attached Security. The Issuer may make provisions governing the amount of the reinvested dividends/distributions to be used to subscribe for or acquire the Attached Security and the amount to be used to subscribe for or acquire the Other Attached Securities having regard to the application price of the Attached Securities.

(b) Each Security issued by a Stapled Entity after the Stapling Commencement Date must be Stapled to each Other Attached Security immediately upon the date of issue of the new Security.

2.2 Dealings in Attached Securities

- (a) **(No Unstapling):** On and from the Stapling Commencement Date, the Issuer must not:
 - (i) do any act, matter or thing (including registering any transfer of any Attached Security); or
 - (ii) refrain from doing any act, matter or thing,

if to do so or refrain from doing so (as the case may be) would result directly or indirectly in any Attached Security no longer being Stapled to form a Stapled Security, other than in accordance with clause 7.

- (b) (Attached Securities): Subject to clause 7, on and from the Stapling Commencement Date, the Issuer must not:
 - (i) cancel, buy-back or redeem an Attached Security unless at the same time there is a corresponding cancellation, buy-back or redemption of each Other Attached Security;
 - (ii) Reorganise an Attached Security unless at the same time there is a corresponding Reorganisation of each Other Attached Security;
 - (iii) register any transfer of an Attached Security to any person unless each Other Attached Security is also transferred to the same person at the same time in a single instrument of transfer of Stapled Securities.
- (c) (Exercise options) The Issuer must not permit an Investor to exercise any rights or options to acquire an Attached Security unless the Investor exercises the corresponding rights or options to acquire each Other Attached Security at the same time.
- (d) (Request for holding lock) The Issuer must not request any applicable CS Facility Operator or the Registrar, as the case may be, to apply a holding lock to prevent a transfer of an Attached Security from being registered on the CS Facility's sub register or registered on an issuer-sponsored sub register, as the case may be, unless a

corresponding request is made in respect of each Other Attached Security.

- (e) (**Disposal**) The Issuer must not dispose of a Defaulted Attached Security unless at the same time each Other Attached Security is also disposed of in the same manner and to the same person.
- (f) (Small Holdings) The Issuer must not dispose of a Small Holding of an Attached Security unless at the same time the Small Holding of each Other Attached Security is also disposed of in the same manner and to the same person. A Small Holding must be disposed of in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Constituent Documents.
- (g) (**Designated Foreign Investors**) The Issuer must not dispose of, or cause the disposal of, an Attached Security of a Designated Foreign Investor unless at the same time each Other Attached Security of that Designated Foreign Investor is also disposed of in the same manner and to the same person.
- (h) (Compliance with law): The Issuer is not obliged to effect a buy-back, cancellation, redemption, transfer or issue or other Corporate Action in a manner inconsistent with any constitutional, contractual or fiduciary obligation or law by which it is bound, or if it does not have any necessary consent or approval.

2.3 Consistency with the Constituent Documents

The Issuer must use every reasonable endeavour to procure that each Attached Security is dealt with under the Constituent Document of their respective Stapled Entity in a manner consistent with the provisions relating to Stapled Securities in the Constituent Documents of each other Stapled Entity.

2.4 Joint quotation as Stapled Securities

Unless and until all Attached Securities are Unstapled in accordance with provisions of this schedule, the Issuer must use reasonable endeavours to ensure that each Stapled Security which is listed for quotation on ASX continues to be so listed for quotation and jointly quoted as a Stapled Security.

2.5 Joint certificates or joint holding statements

Subject to the Corporations Act, the Issuer may procure that joint certificates or joint holding statements are issued to evidence the holding of Stapled Securities comprising Attached Securities and Other Attached Securities.

2.6 Stapling and separate entities

Notwithstanding any other provision of this schedule each Stapled Entity will remain as separate legal entities and will be separately admitted to the official list of ASX notwithstanding that the Attached Securities are jointly quoted on ASX as Stapled Securities.

3 Allocation of Application Price

3.1 Application Price

- (a) Subject to clause 3.1(b), while Units are Officially Quoted as part of a Stapled Security, the Application Price payable for any Unit will be the Market Price of Stapled Securities minus the Application Price of the Other Attached Securities, or the amount determined by the RE in accordance with clause 3.2.
- (b) The RE may determine a different Application Price in relation to the issue of any Units consistently with the Corporations Act, as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief, and the Listing Rules, in the case of:
 - (i) offers made at substantially the same time to those persons who were Investors on a date determined by the RE not being more than 20 Business Days immediately prior to the offer, where:
 - (A) all Investors are offered Units at the same
 Application Price on a pro rata basis (whether or not the right to acquire those Units is renouncable); and
 - (B) the Application Price is not less than 50% of the Market Price for the Stapled Securities minus the Application Price of the Other Attached Securities, calculated as at the last Business Day prior to the date of the offer document under which the offer is made,

but subject to the Corporations Act, as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief, and the Listing Rules, the RE is not required to offer Units under this clause 3.1(c) to Foreign Investors. Any Member may renounce their entitlement in favour of some other person, unless the issue is expressed to be non renounceable. Any Units offered for subscription under this clause 3.1(b) on a non renounceable basis which are not subscribed for in the period for acceptance set by the RE may be offered for subscription by the RE to any person. The application price payable in relation to such further offer must not be less than that at which the Units were originally offered to Members. If an underwriter has underwritten any offers for subscription of Units under this clause 3.1(b), it may take up any Units not subscribed for by Members.

- (ii) a distribution reinvestment, where the Application Price is determined in accordance with clause 3.3 (including a subscription by any underwriter of a distribution reinvestment plan for any Stapled Securities not taken up by Members);
- (iii) Units issued upon exercise of an Option, where the Application Price is determined in accordance with article 3.7(b) of the Trust Constitution;

- (iv) a placement of Stapled Securities, where the Application Price for Units is not less than 50% of the Market Price for the Stapled Securities minus the Application Price of the Other Attached Securities, calculated as at the last Business Day on which sales were recorded prior to the date of the issue;
- (v) a security purchase plan, where the Application Price for Units is not less than 80% of the Market Price for the Stapled Securities minus the Application Price of the Other Attached Securities, calculated as at the last Business Day on which sales were recorded prior to the day on which the offer was announced (including a subscription by an underwriter of the plan for any Stapled Securities not taken up by Members); and
- (vi) any of the other circumstances in which a different Application Price may be determined set out in the Corporations Act, as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief.

3.2 Apportionment of Application Price

- (a) If a Unit is to be issued as part of a Stapled Security and the Trust Constitution contains a provision for the calculation or determination of the Application Price for a Stapled Security but not for the Unit, the RE must determine what part of the Application Price of a Stapled Security is to represent the Application Price of a Unit for the purposes of the Trust Constitution.
- (b) Unless otherwise agreed between the RE and the Other Issuers, the Application Price for a Stapled Security ("Stapled Security Price") will be allocated between the Application Price of the Unit and the Application Price of the Other Attached Securities as follows:
 - (i) First to the Application Price of any Unit (or any Other Attached Security that is an interest in a trust), being an amount which reflects the net assets (adjusted for the net market value of its investments) of the Trust (or any other Stapled Entity which is a trust) immediately prior to the issue of the Stapled Security, and if there is more than one Stapled Entity which is a trust, then such amounts to be allocated between those trusts in the ratio that the net assets (adjusted for the net market value of its investments) of each relevant trust immediately prior to the issue or acquisition of the Stapled Security bears to the amount of the aggregate net assets (adjusted for the net market value of their investments) of those trusts at the end of the relevant period immediately prior to the issue of the Stapled Security;
 - (ii) Second, to the Application Price of any Other Attached Security, being the lesser of:
 - (A) any balance remaining after the allocation in paragraph (i); or

 (B) an amount which reflects the net assets (adjusted for the net market value of their investments) of the relevant Stapled Entities immediately prior to the issue of the Stapled Security;

such amounts to be allocated between the relevant Stapled Entities in the ratio that the net assets (adjusted for the net market value of its investments) of each relevant Stapled Entity at the end of the relevant period immediately prior to the issue of the Stapled Security bears to the amount of the aggregate net assets (adjusted for the net market value of their investments) of those Stapled Entities at the end of the relevant period immediately prior to the issue of the Stapled Security.

- (c) Where an option to acquire a Stapled Security is issued after the Stapling Commencement Date, the allocation of the issue price of the option must be determined in the same manner as under clause 3.2(b).
- (d) The allocation of the Application Price for a Stapled Security under this clause 3.2 must be consistent for each Stapled Security issued or transferred to each Investor at the same time.

3.3 Application Price if reinvestment applies

- (a) If reinvestment applies, the aggregate of the Application Price for each additional Unit issued and the Application Price for the Other Attached Securities upon reinvestment is the average of the VWAP for Stapled Securities for each of the ten Trading Days from and including the third Trading Day after the Record Date for the Distribution Period ("DRP VWAP Price") less such discount, if any, not exceeding 10% as the RE may determine. However, if the RE believes that the DRP VWAP Price does not provide a fair reflection of the market price of the Stapled Securities during the relevant period, an expert (independent of the RE whose identity and instructions will be determined by the RE) will determine the market price to be used in the calculation of the Application Price of each additional Stapled Security.
- (b) If the amount to be reinvested in additional Stapled Securities results in a fraction of a Stapled Security, the money representing the fraction will be held for future reinvestment in the Stapled Entities at the next time that reinvestment is to occur, in such proportions as the RE and the Other Issuers may determine on behalf of the relevant Investor.
- (c) Whenever money is held on behalf of an Investor for future reinvestment the money so held may in the discretion of the Issuer be aggregated and on each occasion on which the aggregated amount reaches the Application Price of a Stapled Security be applied in the subscription or transfer of a Stapled Security for the Investor.

4 Partly Paid Stapled Securities

4.1 Payment of Application Price by instalments

The Application Price of Stapled Securities may be payable in instalments as set out in this clause 4.

4.2 Determination of amount and timing of instalments

The Issuer may determine at any time in consultation with each Issuer of Other Attached Securities that Stapled Securities are to be offered for sale or subscription on terms that the Application Price is payable by instalments of such amounts and at such times as they determine (including by a single instalment).

4.3 Variation or waiver of terms and conditions

Subject to any applicable statutory duty requiring an Issuer to treat Investors of the same class equally and those of different classes fairly, where Stapled Securities are offered for sale or subscription on terms and conditions determined and set out in accordance with clause 4.2, those terms and conditions may be varied or compliance with them waived only with the consent of each Issuer. The variation or waiver must not take effect during the currency of the offering document pursuant to which the Units were offered for sale or subscriptions.

4.4 Payment of instalments

- (a) The payment of an instalment in respect of an Attached Security may be revoked or postponed by agreement between each Issuer.
- (b) Subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules and clause 4.3 any liability of an Investor in respect of any moneys unpaid on an Investors' partly paid Attached Securities may be extinguished in full or in part by agreement between each Issuer.

4.5 Failure to pay instalments

Any notice given to an Investor who fails to pay in full any instalment due on any partly paid Stapled Security on or by the day specified for payment must be given jointly by each Issuer.

4.6 Disposal of Defaulted Attached Securities

- (a) If any Defaulted Attached Security is offered for sale pursuant to this constitution then the Issuer must procure that each Other Attached Security is also offered for sale with the result that the whole Stapled Security is offered for sale.
- (b) For the avoidance of doubt Attached Securities may be sold pursuant to this clause 4 even if they are fully paid in circumstances where there is default in payment of a call on a Defaulted Attached Security.
- (c) A Defaulted Attached Security (together with the Other Attached Securities) may be disposed of by the Issuer or their agent, at a price

determined by the Issuer in accordance with any applicable ASIC relief⁴⁵.

- (d) Any offer of Defaulted Attached Securities which are to be sold must be accompanied by a contemporaneous and corresponding offer of the Other Attached Securities, which offer is capable of acceptance only if the recipient acquires an identical number of Defaulted Attached Securities and the Other Attached Securities.
- (e) Subject to the Listing Rules and the conditions of any applicable ASIC relief⁴⁶, the Issuer or their agent may sell or otherwise dispose of Defaulted Stapled Securities:
 - (i) in the ordinary course of trading on ASX; or
 - (ii) by private treaty or public auction.
- (f) At any time before a sale or disposition of Defaulted Stapled Securities each Issuer by agreement may cancel the sale or disposition upon such terms as the Issuers think fit.

4.7 Evidence of Enforcement

A statement signed by a duly authorised officer of each Issuer that a Defaulted Stapled Security has been duly disposed of on a date stated therein is conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Defaulted Stapled Security.

4.8 Consideration for sold Defaulted Stapled Securities

- (a) Where a Defaulted Stapled Security is sold, an Issuer nominated by each Issuer by agreement may:
 - (i) receive the consideration, if any, given for a Defaulted Stapled Security; and
 - (ii) execute a transfer of such Defaulted Stapled Security in favour of the Transferee.
- (b) Unless otherwise agreed between each Issuer, the amount received for a Unit upon sale of a Defaulted Stapled Security is the amount received on the sale of the Defaulted Stapled Security less the fair value for the Other Attached Securities, as determined by the RE.
- (c) Where a Defaulted Stapled Security is offered for sale under this clause 4, the obligations of the Issuer are subject to the requirements of any applicable law, the Listing Rules, any consent or other approval from any necessary authority and any other terms of the relevant Constituent Document.

⁴⁵ ASIC Class Order 05/26.

⁴⁶ ASIC Class Order 05/26.

4.9 Deductions from consideration for Defaulted Attached Securities

- (a) The proceeds of the sale of a Defaulted Stapled Security must be applied to pay:
 - (i) first, the expenses incurred by the relevant Issuer, its agents and assignees in respect of the sale;
 - (ii) then, any expenses necessarily incurred in respect of the enforcement of the Issuer's rights;
 - (iii) then, the calls on the Attached Securities that are due and unpaid; and
 - (iv) then, any unpaid interest on the call and any other amounts payable.
- (b) The balance remaining (if any) must be paid to the Investor whose Stapled Securities were sold. If there is a certificate that relates to the Attached Security or the Other Attached Security, the balance does not have to be paid until the Investor delivers the certificate to the relevant Stapled Entity.

4.10 Holder of Defaulted Stapled Securities

The holder of a Defaulted Stapled Security which has been sold under this clause 4 ceases to be an Investor and ceases to hold a right or interest in the Stapled Entities and in particular ceases to be a member of each Stapled Entity that is a company or a managed investment scheme.

4.11 Liability of holder of Defaulted Stapled Securities to Underwriter

Where:

- (a) the Issuer has appointed an underwriter to underwrite the payment of a call in respect of any Stapled Securities;
- (b) in discharging its obligations, the underwriter has purchased Stapled Securities at a public auction or otherwise as contemplated by the relevant underwriting agreement at a price which is more than the Market Price of a Stapled Security (in respect of which the relevant call has been paid); and
- (c) the Issuer is liable or required to pay the underwriter in respect of each Stapled Security purchased in accordance with paragraph (b) of this clause an amount equal to the difference between the Market Price of a Stapled Security (in respect of which the relevant call has been paid) and the price paid by the underwriter for the Stapled Security,

then the former holder of the Stapled Securities that were disposed of to the underwriter is liable to the Issuer in respect of the relevant Defaulted Stapled Securities and may be sued for:

- (i) all monies payable by the Issuer to the underwriter as contemplated by paragraph (c) of this clause;
- (ii) interest (as provided under this schedule); and
- (iii) all costs incurred by the Issuer in procuring payment from the former Investor.

For the purposes of this clause, the *Market Price* of a Stapled Security (in respect of which the relevant call has been paid) is the weighted average price at which such Stapled Securities traded on the ASX over the five Business Days immediately preceding the day of public auction, or, if there is no such price, then the last sale price of the Stapled Security on the ASX prior to that date.

4.12 Assignment of right of action

The Issuer must ensure that where the Issuer is liable to the underwriter as contemplated by clause 4.13, the Issuer's liability to the underwriter may be satisfied by the assignment of the Issuer's right of action against the former Investor in full satisfaction of such liability of the Issuer to the underwriter.

4.13 Charge over right to receive call

- (a) Subject to its duties to Investors under the general law and the Corporations Act, the Issuer may in consultation with each Other Issuer, grant a charge to any person ("Chargee") over its right to receive the proceeds of a call on the component of a partly paid Stapled Security which it has issued. The Chargee has the right to do anything that could be done by the Issuer in respect of Stapled Securities over which a charge has been granted and to enforce the provisions of this clause 4 as agent for the Issuer. The preceding provisions of this clause 4 apply to the Chargee when acting as the Issuer's agent with any necessary adaptations.
- (b) If the charge referred to in clause 4.15(a) has been granted, a Defaulted Stapled Security may be sold as a fully paid Stapled Security by the Chargee as agent for the Issuer in the manner and at the price that the Issuer could have effected the sale itself. The Chargee may deduct from the net proceeds of the sale and retain for the Chargee's own benefit amounts it has lent in respect of the Stapled Security that has been forfeited together with interest payable up to the date of receipt by the Chargee of the proceeds of sale of the Stapled Security, up to the limit of the amount that could be retained by the Issuer if the Issuer itself had sold the Stapled Security. The Chargee must pay to the Issuer any remaining proceeds, and clause 4.11 applies to the remaining amount as if the Issuer had sold the Stapled Security.
- (c) A Member or former Member whose Stapled Securities have been sold by the Issuer or its agent in accordance with clause 4.15(b) has no right to have the Stapled Securities transferred back to them on payment of the amounts that were outstanding at the time of the sale.

5 Single register

Subject to the Corporations Act, a single register may be kept in which details of the holders of the Attached Securities and the Other Attached Securities are recorded.

6 Power to add New Attached Securities

- (a) Subject to clause 6(b), the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, the Issuer may at any time determine that a Security is an Attached Security ("New Attached Security") and cause it to be Stapled to the Stapled Securities. A determination under this clause may be made on such terms and conditions as the Issuer considers appropriate.
- (b) A determination that a Security is a New Attached Security may only be made if:
 - the New Attached Security is Officially Quoted or the ASX has indicated in writing that it will grant permission for the New Attached Security to be Officially Quoted;
 - (ii) ASX has indicated in writing that it will approve the addition of the New Attached Security to the Stapled Securities;
 - (iii) each Other Issuer (excluding the issuer of the New Attached Security) has agreed:
 - (A) to the Stapling of the New Attached Security to the Stapled Security; and
 - (B) that the Stapling of the New Attached Security is in the best interest of Investors as a whole and is consistent with the then investment objectives of the Group; and
 - (iv) the Constituent Documents of the New Attached Security will have provisions giving effect to the Stapling (including provisions in substantially the form of this schedule);
 - (v) the issuer of the New Attached Security has agreed to enter into the Accession Deed;
 - (vi) where the New Attached Security is partly-paid, or approval from Investors is required to the transaction, approval of the members of each Stapled Entity has been obtained; and
 - (vii) the number of New Attached Securities to be allocated is identical to the number of Stapled Securities on issue.
- (c) The Issuer has power to do all things which it considers are necessary, desirable or reasonably incidental to give effect to the Stapling of the New Attached Securities to the Stapled Security under this clause 6.

- (d) A New Attached Security may be transferred to an Investor by any means and in any manner, including but not limited to any combination of issue, sale, reduction of capital, distribution in kind or transfer ("Transfer")
- (e) A transfer of a New Attached Security made under this clause 6 shall be Registered in the Register as of the date title is transferred.
- (f) It is not necessary for the Issuer to receive a transfer, instrument or certificate (if any) for a New Attached Security in order for that Issuer to Register the transfer of that New Attached Security. Such transfer shall be evidenced by, and shall have full effect from, its Registration by the relevant Issuer in the Register.

7 Unstapling

7.1 Procedure for Unstapling

Subject to this clause 7, from the Stapling Commencement Date each Attached Security will remain Stapled to each other Attached Security for so long as the Stapled Securities remain on issue.

7.2 Unstapling an Attached Security

- (a) Subject to this clause 7, the Corporations Act, the Listing Rules and the relevant Constituent Documents, the Issuer may determine that its Attached Securities are to be Unstapled from the Stapled Security ("**Unstapled Security**").
- (b) A determination under clause 7.2(a) may only be made if:
 - ASX has indicated in writing that it will grant permission for the Unstapling of the Unstapled Security from the Stapled Security and the remaining Attached Securities (if any) will remain Officially Quoted as a Stapled Security; and
 - (ii) each Other Issuer has agreed:
 - (A) to the Unstapling of the Unstapled Security from the Stapled Security; and
 - (B) that the Unstapling of the Unstapled Security from the Stapled Security is not contrary to the interests of Investors as a whole and is consistent with the then investment objectives of the Group; and
 - (iii) the Stapling Provisions will terminate and cease to be of any force or effect in respect of the Unstapled Security.
- (c) After the Unstapling, the references to the Unstapled Security will be removed from the Register.
- (d) If an Issuer determines that its Attached Securities are to be Unstapled under clause 7.2(a), this does not prevent the Issuer of the

Unstapled Security subsequently determining that the Stapling Provisions should recommence in respect of that Unstapled Security ("**Restapling**").

7.3 Unstapling the Stapled Securities

- (a) Subject to clause 7.3(b), the Corporations Act, the Listing Rules and the relevant Constituent Document, the Issuer must determine that the Attached Securities will be Unstapled on the occurrence of an Unstapling Event.
- (b) A determination under clause 7.3(a) may only be made if:
 - (i) ASX has indicated in writing that it will grant permission for the Unstapling of the Attached Securities; and
 - (ii) each Other Issuer has agreed:
 - (A) to the Unstapling of the Attached Securities;
 - (B) that the Unstapling of the Attached Securities is not contrary to the interest of Investors as a whole.
- (c) On and from such date as may be determined under clause 7.3(a) the Issuer must procure that the Attached Securities are Unstapled and thereupon the Stapling Provisions will terminate and cease to be of any force or effect.

8 Designated Foreign Investors

- Without limiting clause 6(c), to enable the Issuer to give effect to the Stapling of New Attached Securities to the Stapled Securities under clause 6, the provisions of this clause 8 apply.
- (b) Subject to the Corporations Act as modified by any applicable ASIC Relief, the Issuer may determine that a Foreign Investor is a Designated Foreign Investor for the purposes of the Transfer of a New Attached Security where the Issuer reasonably considers that it would be unreasonable to Transfer a New Attached Security to a Foreign Investor, having regard to each of the following:
 - (i) the number of Foreign Investors in the foreign place;
 - (ii) the number and the value of New Attached Securities that may be Transferred to Foreign Investors in the foreign place;
 - (iii) the cost of complying with legal requirements and the requirements of any relevant regulatory authority applicable to the Transfer of the New Attached Securities in the foreign place.
- (c) Despite anything to the contrary contained in the Constituent Documents, each Foreign Investor who is or becomes a Designated Foreign Investor consents and directs:

- (i) the Issuer to pay any distributions, redemption proceeds or other payments in respect of its Attached Security which forms part of each Stapled Security the Designated Foreign Investor holds, which are to be used to obtain a New Attached Security ("Amounts"), to the Sale Nominee;
- (ii) the Sale Nominee to apply the Amounts to obtain a New Attached Security;
- Subject to clause 8(d) below, the Sale Nominee to then sell any Stapled Security to which the New Attached Security is Stapled;
- (iii) the Sale Nominee to pay the Sale Consideration to the relevant Designated Foreign Investor as soon as practicable after the sale of the relevant Stapled Security.
- (d) If a New Attached Security is to be Stapled to an existing Stapled Security, the Designated Foreign Investor agrees to transfer each existing Stapled Security they hold free of any Encumbrance to the Sale Nominee on or prior to the Sale Record Date so that the Sale Nominee:
 - (i) is entered in the Register in respect of that Stapled Security as of the date title is transferred on the Sale Record Date; and
 - (ii) will receive the New Attached Security pursuant to the Stapling of the New Attached Security; and
 - (iii) will sell the resultant Stapled Security for cash to pay the Sale Consideration to the Designated Foreign Investor.
- (e) The Issuer (in respect of its Attached Securities):
 - must procure that each Designated Foreign Investor is paid the Sale Consideration to which that Designated Foreign Investor is entitled as soon as practicable after the sale of the relevant Stapled Security; and
 - (ii) may take all steps to ensure that the Stapled Security held by the Designated Foreign Investor and to which a New Attached Security is to be Stapled, is transferred to the Sale Nominee prior to the Sale Record Date.
 - (iii) need not receive a transfer, instrument or certificate (if any) for existing Stapled Securities in order for the Issuer to Register the transfer of the existing Stapled Securities to the Sale Nominee. Such transfer shall be evidenced by, and shall have full effect from, its Registration by the relevant Issuer in the Register.
- (f) Unless otherwise agreed between the RE and the Other Issuers, the amount received for a Unit upon sale of a Stapled Security under clause 8(d)(iii) is the amount received on the sale of the Stapled

Security less the fair value for the Other Attached Securities, as determined by the RE.

9 Duties and obligations of Parties

9.1 Duties in relation to Stapling

While Stapling applies, notwithstanding any other provision of the Constituent Documents, or any rule of law or equity to the contrary, in exercising any power or discretion, the Issuer may, subject to the Corporations Act and any relief granted thereunder, have regard to the interests of Investors as a whole and not only to the interests of the holders of the relevant Attached Securities considered separately.

9.2 Reference to power or discretion

References in the Constituent Documents to the exercise of any powers or discretion includes the carrying out of the Issuer's functions and duties and identifying the Investor's rights and interests.

10 Meetings of Investors

10.1 Meetings

While Stapling applies, meetings of holders of Attached Securities may be held in conjunction with meetings of holders of the Other Attached Securities and, subject to the Corporations Act, the Issuer may make such rules for the conduct of such meetings as the Issuer determines.

10.2 Representatives form while Stapling applies

Subject to the Corporations Act the form of proxy used to appoint a proxy to vote on behalf of an Investor in respect of an Attached Security may be the same form as they use to appoint a proxy in respect of the Other Attached Securities which they hold.

10.3 Other attendees

The auditor of each Stapled Entity and the representatives of the Issuer may attend and speak at any meeting of Investors, or invite any other person to attend and speak at the meeting.

11 General

11.1 Interests

Subject to the Corporations Act⁴⁷, nothing in the Trust Constitution restricts the RE (or its associates) from:

(i) dealing with itself (as trustee of the Trust or in another capacity) and any Stapled Entity (or their associates); and

⁴⁷ Refer Part 5C.7

 being interested in any contract or transaction with itself (as trustee of the Trust or in another capacity) or any Stapled Entity (or their associates) or retaining for its own benefit any profits or benefits derived from any such contract or transaction.

11.2 Expenses in relation to Trust

- (a) A reference to "Unit" in article 20.7 of the Trust Constitution is a reference to the Unit as part of a Stapled Security, and a reference to "Trust" is a reference to the Trust as part of the Group.
- (b) Article 20.7 of the Trust Constitution is taken to also include expenses connected with:
 - the establishment, administration and management of Stapling, including without limitation the costs incurred in Stapling enforcement, the Stapling of New Attached Securities, the Unstapling of an Attached Security, the restapling of Unstapled Attached Securities and the Unstapling of the Stapled Securities; and
 - (ii) the organisation of, convening and holding meetings of Investors, the implementation of any Resolutions and communications with Investors; and
 - (iii) the Management Services Agreement, the Co-operation Deed and all other Transaction Documents.

11.3 Small Holdings

A reference to a "Small Holding" in each Constituent Document is taken to be a reference a small holding of Stapled Securities.

11.4 Intra-Group Loans

Without limiting the Constituent Documents, the RE may, in its capacity as trustee of the Trust, and each Other Issuer may, enter into Intra-Group Loans.

11.5 Notice to other Stapled Entities

On or before commencement of a winding up of a Stapled Entity, the Issuer must give each Other Stapled Entity written notice that the Stapled Entity is to be wound up.

11.6 Other Attached Security

If a New Attached Security, which is an interest in a trust, is to be Stapled to the Stapled Securities, then clauses 3.1(b), 3.1(c), 3.2(a), 3.3, 11.1 and 11.2 apply in relation to that New Attached Security with the necessary changes.

12 Definitions and Interpretation

12.1 Definitions

In this schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:

Accession Deed means the deed of that name between each Issuer and:

- (a) any new RE; or
- (b) any issuer of a New Attached Security,

by which that person accedes to the Co-operation Deed.

Amounts has the meaning given in clause 8(c)(i).

Application Price means:

- (b) in respect of a Unit, the application price for the Unit calculated in accordance with the Trust Constitution, including this schedule;
- (c) in respect of any Other Attached Security, the application price for the Other Attached Security; and
- (d) in respect of a Stapled Security, the application price for a Stapled Security calculated in accordance with this schedule.

Approved Valuer: any person, independent of the Issuer, who is duly qualified to conduct a valuation.

ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission or any regulatory body which replaces it or performs its functions.

ASIC Relief has the same meaning as in the Trust Constitution.

ASX means Australian Stock Exchange Limited or the market operated by it as the context requires.

Attached Security in the context of:

- (e) the Trust Constitution, means a Unit;
- (f) the Constituent Document for any New Attached Security, means a New Attached Security.

Business Day has the meaning given to that term in the Listing Rules.

Constituent Documents means the constituent documents of a Stapled Entity and includes without limitation the Trust Constitution.

Co-operation Deed means a deed entered into between the Issuer and Other Issuers setting out how they will co-operate in the conduct of the Stapled Entities as if they were one economic entity and the Stapled Securities were one security, as amended from time to time.

Corporate Action means any issues, bonus and rights issues, placements and redemptions and buy-backs of a Stapled Security.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth).

CS Facility has the same meaning as prescribed CS facility in the Corporations Act.48

CS Facility Operator means the operator of a of the CS Facility.

Defaulted Attached Security means a partly paid Attached Security on which an instalment is due and payable but unpaid or in respect of which, a valid call has been made but has not paid in the time specified in the call.

Defaulted Stapled Security means a Stapled Security where one or more Attached Securities is a Defaulted Attached Security.

Designated Foreign Investor means a Foreign Investor in respect of whom the Issuer has made a determination in accordance with clause 8(b).

Encumbrance means any:

- (a) security for the payment of money or performance of obligations, including a mortgage, charge, lien, pledge, trust, power or title retention or flawed deposit arrangement; or
- (b) right, interest or arrangement which has the effect of giving another person a preference, priority or advantage over creditors including any right of set-off; or
- (c) third party right or interest or any right arising as a consequence of the enforcement of a judgment,

or any agreement to create any of them or allow them to exist.

Foreign Investor means an Investor whose address on the Register is in a place other than Australia, and such other jurisdictions (if any) as the Issuer may determine.

Group means the Stapled Entities and any Subsidiary of a Stapled Entity.

Intra-Group Loan means a loan or financial assistance provided by a Stapled Entity to any entity in the Group including but not limited to guaranteeing or indemnifying or granting security in favour of that entity.

Investor means a person entered in the Register as a holder of a Stapled Security.

Issuer in the context of:

(g) the Trust Constitution, means the RE; and

⁴⁸ See CA 1074A and reg 7.1.03. As at March 2004, ASTC is the only prescribed CS facility.

(h) the Constituent Document for of any New Attached Security, means the issuer of the New Attached Security or (if it is a company) its board of directors (as the case requires).

Listed means:

- (a) in the case of a Stapled Entity, that Stapled Entity being listed on the ASX; and
- (b) in the case of an Attached Security, that Attached Security being Officially Quoted.

Listing has a corresponding meaning.

Listing Rules means the listing rules of ASX and any other rules of ASX which are applicable while the Stapled Entity is admitted to the official list of the ASX, each as amended or replaced from time to time.

Management Services Agreement means an agreement that may be entered into between the RE as responsible entity of the Trust, and the Manager which relates to management services provided by the Manager, for the benefit of the Trust (as amended), and any similar agreement between any Other Issuer and the Manager.

Manager: Multiplex Investment Funds Pty Limited ACN 103 114 441.

Market Price: of a Stapled Security on a particular day is:

- (a) the weighted average price per Stapled Security for sales on the ASX (excluding any special crossings) for the period of 15 Trading Days immediately prior to the relevant day (whether or not a sale was recorded on any particular day); or
- (b) if Stapled Securities:
 - (i) have not been Officially Quoted for at least 15 consecutive Trading Days before the relevant day; or
 - (ii) in the RE's opinion a determination under paragraph (a) or
 (b) of this definition would not provide a fair reflection of the market value of the Stapled Security having regard to the nature of the proposed offer of Stapled Securities and the circumstances in which the proposed offer is made,

the price per Stapled Security that an Approved Valuer determines to be the market price of the Stapled Security on the relevant day.

New Attached Security has the meaning given in clause 6(a).

Officially Quoted means quotation on the official list of the ASX, including when quotation is suspended for a continuous period of not more than 60 days, all times during that period of suspension.

Other Attached Security means in respect of:

- (i) a Unit, an identical number of each Attached Security other than a Unit;
- (j) any New Attached Security, an identical number of each Attached Security other than a New Attached Security.

Other Issuer means in respect of:

- (k) the RE, each Issuer other than the RE;
- (1) the issuer of any New Attached Security, each Issuer other than the issuer of the New Attached Security.

RE has the same meaning as in the Trust Constitution.

Register means the register of Investors kept by the Stapled Entities under clause 5 and the Corporations Act.

Registered means to be recorded in the Register.

Registrar means the person appointed to maintain the Register from time to time.

Reorganisation means the consolidation, division or conversion of the Attached Securities in the ratio determined by the Issuer from time to time and Reorganise is to be construed accordingly.

Restapling has the meaning given in clause 7.2(d).

Restricted Securities has the meaning given in the Listing Rules.

Sale Consideration means the average price (net of transaction costs including without limitation any applicable brokerage, stamp duty and other taxes or charges) at which those Stapled Securities held by the Sale Nominee are sold under the Sale Facility, multiplied by the number of Stapled Securities held by and sold by the Sale Nominee for, the relevant Designated Foreign Investor.

Sale Facility means the facility under which Designated Foreign Investors are required to transfer their existing Stapled Securities to the Sale Nominee on the basis that the Sale Nominee is entered in the Register in respect of those Stapled Securities, and will receive the New Attached Securities pursuant to the Stapling and sell the resultant Stapled Securities for cash to pay the Sale Consideration to the relevant Designated Foreign Investor.

Sale Nominee means a financial services licensee appointed by the Issuer to carry out the role described in clauses 8(c) and (d).

Sale Record Date means the date determined by the Issuers as being the record date for the transaction as part of which the New Attached Securities are to be Stapled.

Security means any right or interest in a managed investment scheme, unit, share, note, debenture or any right or interest or option to acquire a share, note or debenture.

Stapled Entity means at any time any Australian or overseas established company, trust, corporation or managed investment scheme whose Securities are then Attached Securities and who has executed the Accession Deed.

Stapled Security means the stapled security created by the Stapling together of the Attached Securities.

Stapling means the linking together of Securities so that one Attached Security may not be transferred or otherwise dealt with without the Other Attached Securities and which Attached Securities are quoted on ASX jointly as a "Stapled Security" or such other term as the ASX permits. "**Stapled**" has a corresponding meaning.

Stapling Commencement Date means the date or dates upon which Stapling of the Attached Securities is to commence as determined by the Issuer.

Subsidiary of an entity means a company which is a subsidiary of the first entity within the meaning of part 1.2 division 6 of the Corporations Act or another entity which is controlled by the first entity within the meaning of control under section 50AA of the Corporations Act.

Trading Day has the same meaning as in the Listing Rules.

Transaction Documents means all regulatory, structuring, operational, finance and ancillary documents required to effect and maintain the Listing of the Stapled Entities and the Official Quotation of the Stapled Securities and to achieve the investment objectives of the Group from time to time, and any amending or supplemental agreements to those documents and any other document that the Issuer and the Other Issuers consider necessary or desirable for or in connection with the Listing of the Stapled Entities and the Official Quotation of the Stapled Securities and the achievement of the investment objectives of the Group from time to time and includes without limitation the Co-operation Deed and the Management Services Agreement.

Transfer has the meaning given in clause 6(d).

Trust means Multiplex European Property Fund.

Trust Constitution means the constitution establishing the Trust, and includes any amendment or replacement of it and, for the avoidance of doubt, the provisions in this schedule are operative provisions of the Trust Constitution.

Unit means a unit in the Trust.

Unstapled means not being Stapled.

Unstapling means the process that results in the Attached Securities no longer being Stapled to each other.

Unstapling Event means one or more of the following events:

(m) a special resolution of the members of each Stapled Entity has been passed to Unstaple the Stapled Securities;

- (n) Stapling becomes unlawful or prohibited under the Listing Rules; or
- (o) a winding-up is commenced in respect of a Stapled Entity.

VWAP in respect of a Stapled Security for a Trading Day means the volume weighted average of the Stapled Security prices for that Trading Day for all sales of Stapled Securities recorded on ASX for the day, but excluding sales that occur otherwise than in the ordinary course of trading on ASX, such as special crossings, crossings prior to the commencement of normal trading, crossings during the closing phase and the after hours adjust phase, and any overseas sales or sales pursuant to the exercise of options over Stapled Securities, any overnight crossings and any other sales which the Issuers reasonably consider may not be fairly reflective of natural supply and demand.

Finding List

This list is included to assist the ASIC in identifying the provisions in this constitution which satisfy the requirements of the Corporations Act for constitutions of registered managed investment schemes.

Corporations Act	Constitution
601GA(1)(a)	Article 6
601GA(1)(b)	Article 12.4
601GA(1)(c)	Article 25
601GA(1)(d)	Article 22
601GA(2)(a)	Article 20
601GA(2)(b)	Article 20.2
601GA(3)(a)	Articles 12.2, 12.3
601GA(4)	Article 8
601GB	Article 29.4

This list is included to assist the ASX in identifying the provisions in this constitution which satisfy the requirements of the Listing Rules which relate to constitutions of registered managed investment schemes.

Listing Rules	Constitution
Chapter 7	Article 3
8.10	Article 3.13 - 3.20
7.7.1	Article 6.4
Appendix 6A	Article 4.4
Supremacy of Listing Rules	Article 26.2
18.6	Article 26.3
Small holdings	Article 27
Restricted Securities	Article 3.27